Product Data Sheet

GPR157 Protein, Human (Cell-Free, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P702305

Synonyms: G-protein coupled receptor 157

Species: Human

E. coli Cell-free Source: Q5UAW9 (M1-T335) Accession:

Gene ID: 80045 39.4 kDa Molecular Weight:

PROPERTIES

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MQPSPPTEL VPSERAVVLL SCALSALGSG LLVATHALWP DLRSRARRLL LFLSLADLLS AASYFYGVLQ NFAGPSWDCV LQGALSTFAN TSSFFWTVAI ALYLYLSIVR AARGPRTDRL LWAFHVVSWG VPLVITVAAV ALKKIGYDAS DVSVGWCWID LEAKDHVLWM LLTGKLWEML AYVLLPLLYL LVRKHINRAH TALSEYRPIL SQEHRLLRHS SMADKKLVLI PLIFIGLRVW QGGANCIMFV STVRFVLTLC GSPAVQTPVL VVLHGIGNTF FSLCCCCSS PKAPAPSKPG LCTRAVRTRL QPPTKSPAGT

ESQESQGTPG ELPST

Appearance

Lyophilized powder.

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.22 µm filtered solution of Tris/PBS-based buffer, 6% Trehalose, pH 8.0.

Endotoxin Level

<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than $100 \, \mu g/mL$ in ddH_2O . For long term storage it is recommended to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration). Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.

Storage & Stability

Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

GPR157 Protein, an orphan receptor, serves as a key regulator in the promotion of neuronal differentiation within radial glial progenitors (RGPs). Its functional role is facilitated by a G(q)-protein, which, in turn, activates a phosphatidylinositolcalcium second messenger, orchestrating the intricate signaling pathways involved in the process of neuronal differentiation.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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