Product Data Sheet

PVR Protein, Human (Cell-Free, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P702420

Synonyms: Poliovirus receptor; Nectin-like protein 5; NECL-5

Species:

Source: E. coli Cell-free P15151 (W21-R417) Accession:

Gene ID: 5817 Molecular Weight: 46.7 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Seq	uence
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WPPPGTGDVV VQAPTQVPGF LGDSVTLPCY LQVPNMEVTH VSQLTWARHG ESGSMAVFHQ TQGPSYSESK RLEFVAARLG AELRNASLRM FGLRVEDEGN YTCLFVTFPQ GSRSVDIWLR VLAKPQNTAE VQKVQLTGEP VPMARCVSTG GRPPAQITWH SDLGGMPNTS QVPGFLSGTV TVTSLWILVP SSQVDGKNVT PQLLTVNLTV CKVEHESFEK YYPPEVSISG YDNNWYLGQN EATLTCDARS NPEPTGYNWS TTMGPLPPFA VAQGAQLLIR PVDKPINTTL EGPPSEHSGM ICNVTNALGA RQAELTVQVK SRNAIIFLVL GILVFLILLG IGIYFYWSKC SREVLWHCHL CPSSTEHASA SANGHVSYSA VSRENSSSQD PQTEGTR

Appearance

Lyophilized powder.

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.22 µm filtered solution of Tris/PBS-based buffer, 6% Trehalose, pH 8.0.

Endotoxin Level

<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH $_2$ O. For long term storage it is recommended to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration). Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.

Storage & Stability

Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

PVR/CD155 Protein assumes a pivotal role in orchestrating natural killer (NK) cell adhesion and initiating NK cell effector

functions by binding to two distinct NK cell receptors, CD96 and CD226. These receptor interactions converge at the cell-cell contact site, culminating in the formation of a mature immunological synapse between the NK cell and the target cell. This event triggers adhesion, secretion of lytic granules, interferon-gamma (IFN-gamma), and activation of cytotoxicity in activated NK cells. PVR/CD155 may additionally facilitate NK cell-target cell modular exchange and PVR transfer to the NK cell, particularly crucial in tumor cells expressing high levels of PVR. In such instances, the transfer mechanism may induce fratricide NK cell activation, providing a mechanism for tumors to evade the immune response. Furthermore, PVR/CD155 is implicated in mediating tumor cell invasion and migration. In the context of microbial infection, the protein acts as a receptor for poliovirus and potentially plays a role in the axonal transport of the virus. This function involves targeting virion-PVR-containing endocytic vesicles to the microtubular network through interaction with DYNLT1, thereby facilitating axonal retrograde transport of the virus.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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