**Proteins** 

# **Product** Data Sheet

**GPT1 Protein, Human (His)** 

Cat. No.: HY-P702494

Synonyms: AAT1; Alanine aminotransferase 1; Alanine aminotransferase; ALAT1\_HUMAN; ALT1; Glutamate

> pyruvate transaminase 1; Glutamic alanine transaminase 1; Glutamic pyruvate transaminase (alanine aminotransferase); Glutamic pyruvic transaminase 1; Glutamic--alanine transaminase

1; Glutamic--pyruvic transaminase 1; GPT 1; gpt; GPT1

Human Species: Source: E. coli

Accession: P24298 (A2-S496)

Gene ID: 2875 Molecular Weight: 58.5kDa

### **PROPERTIES**

Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.22 μm filtered solution of Tris-based buffer,50% glycerol.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/μg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH <sub>2</sub> O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

## **DESCRIPTION**

### **Background**

Argininosuccinate lyase (ASL) protein serves a pivotal role by catalyzing the reversible cleavage of L-argininosuccinate into fumarate and L-arginine, a crucial step in the urea cycle. This process primarily contributes to hepatic nitrogen detoxification, leading to the excretion of urea, and facilitates de novo L-arginine synthesis in nonhepatic tissues. ASL emerges as an essential regulator of both intracellular and extracellular L-arginine pools, playing a critical role in maintaining nitrogen homeostasis. As part of the citrulline-nitric oxide cycle, ASL forms tissue-specific multiprotein complexes with argininosuccinate synthase (ASS1), transport protein SLC7A1, and nitric oxide synthase (NOS1, NOS2, or NOS3). This complex allows for cell-autonomous L-arginine synthesis while participating in the channeling of extracellular Larginine to the nitric oxide synthesis pathway, showcasing the multifaceted regulatory functions of ASL in nitrogen metabolism and cellular signaling.

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 $\label{lem:caution:Product} \textbf{Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.}$ 

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

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