

# **Screening Libraries**

**Proteins** 

**Product** Data Sheet



# GMP TGF beta 1/TGFB1 Protein, Human (CHO)

Cat. No.: HY-P70543G

Synonyms: Transforming Growth Factor Beta-1; TGF-Beta-1; Latency-Associated Peptide; LAP; TGFB1;

TGFB; TGF-β1; TGF beta1; TGFbeta 1; TGF-beta 1; TGFbeta; TGF-beta-1

Human Species: Source: CHO Accession: P01137 Gene ID: 7040

Molecular Weight: Approximately 13.0 kDa

# **PROPERTIES**

**AA Sequence** 

KWIHEPKGYH ALDTNYCFSS TEKNCCVRQL YIDFRKDLGW ANFCLGPCPY IWSLDTQYSK VLALYNQHNP GASAAPCCVP LSNMIVRSCK

QALEPLPIVY YVGRKPKVEQ

**Biological Activity** The specific activity is  $> 2 \times 10^7$  U/mg.

**Appearance** Lyophilized powder.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 50 mM Glycine-HCl, 150 mM Nacl, pH 2.5.

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

**Endotoxin Level** <0.1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in injection water.

Storage & Stability Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is

recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

# DESCRIPTION Background

Shipping

TGF beta 1/TGFB1 Protein (transforming growth factor beta 1) is a multifunctional cytokine, which is synthesized by almost all cells. TGF beta 1/TGFB1 Protein has a high ability to bind with TGFbRII<sup>[3]</sup>.

The sequence of amino acids in TGFb1 proteins from different species is very stable, which leads to the conclusion that in the process of evolution, TGFb has been only slightly altered, and that both in humans and in animals, its function is similar.TGF beta 1/TGFB1 Protein is secreted as an inactive peptide, forming part of a 'latent complex' consisting of a mature TGFB1 dimer non-covalently bound to its latency-associated peptide (LAP) and, via LAP, to latent TGFB-binding proteins (LTBPs). Activated TGF beta 1/TGFB1 Protein binds to ubiquitously expressed cell-surface TGFB1 type I receptors (TGFBRI) and type II receptors (TGFBRII), which are transmembrane serine/threonine kinases<sup>[4]</sup>.

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TGF beta 1/TGFB1 Protein regulates cell proliferation, growth, differentiation and cells movement. TGFb1 has immunomodulatory effects. TGF beta 1/TGFB1 Protein has profibrogenic effects. TGF beta 1/TGFB1 Protein action can be local and systemic. TGF beta 1/TGFB1 Protein plays a driving role in development, fibrosis and cancer<sup>[4]</sup>.

# **REFERENCES**

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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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