

# Product Data Sheet

## Siglec-2/CD22 Protein, Human (668a.a, HEK293, Fc)

Cat. No.:	HY-P70560		
Synonyms:	Siglec-2; CD22; B-cell Receptor CD22		
Species:	Human		
Source:	HEK293		
Accession:	P20273 (D20-R687)		
Gene ID:	933		
Molecular Weight:	120-150 kDa		

### PROPERTIES

AA Sequence					
, a cocquence	DSSKWVFEHP	ETLYAWEGAC	VWIPCTYRAL	DGDLESFILF	
	Н	KFDGTRLYES	TKDGKVPSEQ	KRVQFLGDKN	
	KNCTLSIHPV	H L N D S G Q L G L	RMESKTEKWM	ERIHLNVSER	
	PFPPHIQLPP	EIQESQEVTL	T C L L N F S C Y G	YPIQLQWLLE	
	GVPMRQAAVT	STSLTIKSVF	TRSELKFSPQ	WSHHGKIVTC	
	QLQDADGKFL	SNDTVQLNVK	ΗΤΡΚΙΕΙΚΥΤ	PSDAIVREGD	
	SVTMTCEVSS	SNPEYTTVSW	LKDGTSLKKQ	NTFTLNLREV	
	ТКDQSGKYCC	QVSNDVGPGR	SEEVFLQVQY	APEPSTVQIL	
	HSPAVEGSQV	EFLCMSLANP		GKEMQGRTEE	
	KVHIPKILPW	НАСТҮЅСѴАЕ	NILGTGQRGP	GAELDVQYPP	
	ΚΚΥΤΤΥΙQΝΡ	MPIREGDTVT	LSCNYNSSNP	SVTRYEWKPH	
	GAWEEPSLGV	LKIQNVGWDN	ΤΤΙΑCΑΑCΝS	WCSWASPVAL	
	NVQYAPRDVR	VRKIKPLSEI	HSGNSVSLQC	DFSSSHPKEV	
	QFFWEKNGRL	LGKESQLNFD	SISPEDAGSY	SCWVNNSIGQ	
	TASKAWTLEV	LYAPRRLRVS	MSPGDQVMEG	KSATLTCESD	
	ANPPVSHYTW	FDWNNQSLPY	HSQKLRLEPV	K V Q H S G A Y W C	
	QGTNSVGKGR	SPLSTLTVYY	SPETIGRR		
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.				
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Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0.				
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Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.				
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu$ g/mL in ddH <sub>2</sub> O. For long term storage it is				
	recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).				
	<b>Storage &amp; Stability</b> Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is				
Storage & Stability					
recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.					
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US;may vary elsewhere.				
Sinkhing	Room temperature in con	amental 00, may vary cisewi			

#### DESCRIPTION

#### Background

Siglec-2/CD22 Protein serves as a crucial mediator in B-cell interactions, potentially playing a role in the localization of Bcells within lymphoid tissues. Known for its ability to bind sialylated glycoproteins, including CD45, it exhibits a preference for alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid. The sialic acid recognition site may be masked by cis interactions with sialic acids on the same cell surface. During the immune response, ligand-induced tyrosine phosphorylation suggests its involvement in the regulation of B-cell antigen receptor signaling. The protein's multifaceted role encompasses positive regulation through interaction with Src family tyrosine kinases, while concurrently acting as an inhibitory receptor by recruiting cytoplasmic phosphatases via their SH2 domains to block signal transduction through dephosphorylation of signaling molecules. Siglec-2/CD22 predominately exists as a monomer of isoform CD22-beta and can also form a heterodimer with a shorter isoform. Its intricate interactions with key molecules such as PTPN6/SHP-1, LYN, SYK, PIK3R1/PIK3R2, PLCG1, GRB2, INPP5D, and SHC1, especially upon phosphorylation, highlight its pivotal role in orchestrating complex signaling networks within B-cells. Further research is essential to unravel the precise molecular pathways and functional consequences of Siglec-2/CD22 in Bcell regulation and immune responses.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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