

Product Data Sheet

IL-4R alpha/CD124 Protein, Human (HEK293, Fc)

Cat. No.:	HY-P70712
Synonyms:	Interleukin-4 receptor subunit alpha; IL-4 receptor subunit alpha; IL-4R subunit alpha; IL-4R- alpha; IL-4RA; CD124; IL-4-binding protein; IL4-BP; IL4R; IL4RA
Species:	Human
Source:	HEK293
Accession:	P24394 (M26-Q231)
Gene ID:	3566
Molecular Weight:	60-70 kDa

PROPERTIES	
TROTERTES	
AA Sequence	MKVLQEPTCV SDYMSISTCE WKMNGPTNCS TELRLLYQLV FLLSEAHTCI PENNGGAGCV CHLLMDDVVS ADNYTLDLWA GQQLLWKGSF KPSEHVKPRA PGNLTVHTNV SDTLLLTWSN PYPPDNYLYN HLTYAVNIWS ENDPADFRIY NVTYLEPSLR IAASTLKSGI SYRARVRAWA QCYNTTWSEW SPSTKWHNSY REPFEQ
Biological Activity	 The ability to inhibit IL-4-dependent proliferation of TF1 human erythroleukemic cells has an ED₅₀ value of 5-20 ng/mL. Immobilized Human IL-4 RA-Fc at 5 μg/mL (100 μl/well) can bind Human IL-4 *: Biotinylated by NHS-biotin prior to testing. The ED₅₀ of Human IL-4 is 2.43 ng/mL. Loaded Human IL-4-His on HIS1K Biosensor, can bind Human IL-4RA-Fc with an affinity constant of 0.12 nM as determined in BLI assay.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH ₂ O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping Room temperature in continental US;may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

Interleukin-4R alpha (IL-4Rα), also known as CD124 and B cell stimulatory factor (BSF) receptor, is one of the antiinflammatory cytokines, and highly expressed in activated T-cells^[1].

IL-4R alpha participates in forming two interleukin receptors in different cell types. For the type I receptor, depends on IL-4R alpha binding IL-4 to recruit IL-2R gamma chain in immune cells. IL-2R gamma is the common subunit for a variety of interleukin receptors, involved in the stimulation of neutrophil phagocytosis by IL-15. For the type II receptor, depends on IL-4R alpha binding IL-4 to recruit IL-13R alpha 1 chain. IL-13R alpha 1 is an alternat accessory protein to the common cytokine receptor gamma chain in non-immune cells^{[2][3]}.

The sequence of amino acids in IL-4R alpha proteins in human is very different from mouse (53.35%), or rat (52.82%). IL-4 R alpha generates a soluble form by alternate splicing or proteolysis, maintaining ligand binding properties and inhibiting IL-4 bioactivity. IL-4 R alpha soluble isoform 1 can be produced by proteolytic cleavage at the cell surface (shedding) by a metalloproteinase^[4].

IL-4 R alpha plays an important role in Th2-biased immune responses, alternative macrophage activation, mucosal immunity, allergic inflammation, tumor progression, and atherogenesis^[5].

REFERENCES

[1]. Keegan AD, et al. An IL-4 receptor region containing an insulin receptor motif is important for IL-4-mediated IRS-1 phosphorylation and cell growth. Cell. 1994 Mar 11;76(5):811-20.

[2]. Zurawski SM, et al. The primary binding subunit of the human interleukin-4 receptor is also a component of the interleukin-13 receptor. J Biol Chem. 1995 Jun 9;270(23):13869-78.

[3]. Rolling C, et al. IL4 and IL13 receptors share the gamma c chain and activate STAT6, STAT3 and STAT5 proteins in normal human B cells. FEBS Lett. 1996 Sep 9;393(1):53-6.

[4]. Jung T, et al. Soluble human interleukin-4 receptor is produced by activated T cells under the control of metalloproteinases. Int Arch Allergy Immunol. 1999 May;119(1):23-30.

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[6]. Kashiwada M, et al. Immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif of the IL-4 receptor associates with SH2-containing phosphatases and regulates IL-4-induced proliferation. J Immunol. 2001 Dec 1;167(11):6382-7.

[7]. Jung T, et al. Soluble human interleukin-4 receptor is produced by activated T cells under the control of metalloproteinases. Int Arch Allergy Immunol. 1999 May;119(1):23-30.

[8]. Myburgh E, et al. Murine IL-4 is able to signal via chimeric human IL-4Ralpha/mouse gamma-chain receptor. Mol Immunol. 2008 Mar;45(5):1327-36.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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