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Product Data Sheet

IL-2 Protein, Mouse

Cat. No.:	HY-P7077
Synonyms:	rMuIL-2; IL2; T-cell Growth Factor; TCGF; Aldesleukin
Species:	Mouse
Source:	E. coli
Accession:	P04351 (A21-Q169)
Gene ID:	16183
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 15-20 kDa

PROPERTIES	
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AA Sequence	APTSSSTSSS TAEAQQQQQ QQQQQHLEQ LLMDLQELLS RMENYRNLKL PRMLTFKFYL PKQATELKDL QCLEDELGPL RHVLDLTQSK SFQLEDAENF ISNIRVTVVK LKGSDNTFEC QFDDESATVV DFLRRWIAFC QSIISTSPQ
Biological Activity	Measured in a cell proliferation assay using CTLL-2 Cells. The ED ₅₀ this effect is ≤ 0.5117 ng/mL, corresponding to a specific activity is ≥ 1.954×10 ⁶ units/mg.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4 or 20 mM PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4 or 20 mM Sodium Citrate, 0.2% Tween 80, pH 3.0.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH ₂ O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION	
Background	Interleukin-2 (IL-2) is a multi-faceted cytokine, known for promoting proliferation, survival, and cell death depending on the cell type and state. For example, IL-2 facilitates cell death only in activated T cells when antigen and IL-2 are abundant. The availability of IL-2 clearly impacts this process. IL-2 is retained in blood vessels by heparan sulfate, and that biologically active IL-2 is released from vessel tissue by heparanase. The morphologic changes and rapid cell death induced by dimeric

IL-2 imply that cell death is mediated by disruption of membrane permeability and subsequent necrosis. IL-2 has a direct and unexpectedly broad influence on cellular homeostatic mechanisms in both immune and non-immune systems^[1].

REFERENCES

[1]. Wrenshall LE, et al. Identification of a cytotoxic form of dimeric interleukin-2 in murine tissues. PLoS One. 2014 Jul 14;9(7):e102191.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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