**Proteins** 

# **Product** Data Sheet

# LR3 IGF-I/IGF-1 Protein, Human (83a.a, E51R)

Cat. No.: HY-P70783

Synonyms: Long R3 IGF-I; Insulin-like growth factor I; MGF; Somatomedin-C; IBP1

Species: Source: E. coli

P05019-1 (G49-A118, E51R, with a 13 amino acid extension peptide at the N terminal) Accession:

Gene ID: 3479

Molecular Weight: Approximately 11.0 kDa

### **PROPERTIES**

**AA Sequence** 

MFPAMPLSSL FVNGPRTLCG AELVDALOFV CGDRGFYFNK PTGYGSSSRR APQTGIVDEC CFRSCDLRRL EMYCAPLKPA

KSA

**Biological Activity** Measured in a cell proliferation assay using MCF-7 cells. The ED<sub>50</sub> for this effect is 0.38-2.174 ng/mL.

**Appearance** Lyophilized powder

**Formulation** Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM NaAc-HAc, 4% Mannitol, pH 4.5 or 50 mM Tris-HCL, 300 mM NaCl, pH

**Endotoxin Level** <1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH<sub>2</sub>O. For long term storage it is

recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).

Storage & Stability Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is

recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

**Shipping** Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

## **DESCRIPTION**

**Background** 

The LR3 IGF-I/IGF-1 protein, structurally and functionally akin to insulin, boasts significantly heightened growth-promoting activity compared to its counterpart. Positioned as a potential physiological regulator, LR3 IGF-I may govern [1-14C]-2deoxy-D-glucose (2DG) transport and glycogen synthesis in osteoblasts, demonstrating effective stimulation of glucose transport in bone-derived osteoblastic (PyMS) cells even at markedly lower concentrations than insulin. Its multifaceted roles extend to potential involvement in synapse maturation and the Ca(2+)-dependent exocytosis essential for sensory perception of smell in the olfactory bulb. Operating as a ligand for IGF1R, LR3 IGF-I binds to the alpha subunit, initiating the activation of intrinsic tyrosine kinase activity, autophosphorylating tyrosine residues in the beta subunit. This activation triggers a cascade of downstream signaling events leading to the activation of the PI3K-AKT/PKB and Ras-MAPK pathways. Further, LR3 IGF-I forms crucial ternary complexes with integrins (ITGAV:ITGB3 and ITGA6:ITGB4) and IGFR1, essential for comprehensive IGF1 signaling, influencing the phosphorylation and activation of IGFR1, MAPK3/ERK1, MAPK1/ERK2, and AKT1. It also exhibits diverse molecular interactions, including with SH2D3C isoform 2.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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