

Screening Libraries

Proteins

Inhibitors

Product Data Sheet

BCMA/TNFRSF17 Protein, Human (HEK293, mFc)

Cat. No.: HY-P70827

Synonyms: Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 17; B-cell maturation protein; CD269;

Tnfrsf17; Bcm; Bcma

Human Species: Source: **HEK293**

Accession: Q02223 (M1-A54)

Gene ID: 608

Molecular Weight: 35-42 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence

MLQMAGQCSQ NEYFDSLLHA CIPCQLRCSS NTPPLTCQRY

CNASVTNSVK GTNA

Lyophilized powder. **Appearance**

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Endotoxin Level <1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH₂O. For long term storage it is

recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).

Storage & Stability Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is

recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

BCMA is expressed preferentially by mature B lymphocytes, with minimal expression in hematopoietic stem cells or nonhematopoietic tissue [1]. BCMA is almost exclusively expressed on plasmablasts and PCs [2].

The amino acid sequence of human BCMA protein has low homology for mouse BCMA protein.

BCMA is a 184 amino acid and 20.2-kDa type III transmembrane glycoprotein, with the extracellular N terminus containing a conserved motif of 6 cysteines. BCMA has two agonist ligands: a proliferation-inducing ligand (APRIL) and B cell activating factor (BAFF). Upon binding of the ligands to BCMA, activates B cells (NF-κβ), rat sarcoma/mitogen-activated protein kinase (RAS/MAPK), and phosphoinositide-3-kinase-protein kinase B/Akt (PI3K-PKB/Akt) signaling pathway. These pathways result in proliferation stimulation by modulating cell cycle checkpoints, increasing survival by upregulating anti-apoptotic proteins, and production of cell adhesion molecules, angiogenesis factors, and immunosuppressive molecules^[2]. BCMA can be used as a promising antigen to target using a variety of immuno-therapy treatments including CART cells, for

Page 1 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com MM patients^[3]. BCMA markedly reduces plasma IgA, IgG, and IgM levels and splenic Ig heavy chain mRNA levels in mouse^[4]. In BCMA-/- mice, the long-term survival of PCs is impaired, but lack of BCMA has no effect in short-lived PCs, B cell development, or early humoral immune response, and the splenic architecture and germinal centers appear intact in these BCMA-deficient mice^[5]. BCMA overexpression significantly promotes in vivo growth of xenografted MM cells in murine models^[6].

REFERENCES

- [1]. Nobari ST, et al. B-cell maturation antigen targeting strategies in multiple myeloma treatment, advantages and disadvantages. J Transl Med. 2022 Feb 10;20(1):82.
- [2]. Yu B, et al. BCMA-targeted immunotherapy for multiple myeloma. J Hematol Oncol. 2020 Sep 17;13(1):125.
- [3]. Perez-Amill L, et al. Preclinical development of a humanized chimeric antigen receptor against B cell maturation antigen for multiple myeloma. Haematologica. 2021 Jan 1;106(1):173-184.
- [4]. Sanchez E, et al. Soluble B-Cell Maturation Antigen Mediates Tumor-Induced Immune Deficiency in Multiple Myeloma. Clin Cancer Res. 2016 Jul 1;22(13):3383-97.
- [5]. O'Connor BP, et al. BCMA is essential for the survival of long-lived bone marrow plasma cells. J Exp Med. 2004 Jan 5;199(1):91-8.
- [6]. Tai YT, et al. APRIL and BCMA promote human multiple myeloma growth and immunosuppression in the bone marrow microenvironment. Blood. 2016 Jun 23;127(25):3225-36.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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