

Product Data Sheet

UBE2D3 Protein, Human

Cat. No.:	HY-P70998
Synonyms:	Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 D3; Ubiquitin carrier protein D3; Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2(17)KB 3; Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2-17 kDa 3; Ubiquitin-protein ligase D3; UBE2D3 and UBCH5C.
Species:	Human
Source:	E. coli
Accession:	AAH66917 (M1-M147)
Gene ID:	7323
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 15.0 kDa

PROPERTIES				
uence	MALKRINKFI		S D Ι Α R D P P A O	
	N D S P Y Q G G V F		FLTIHFPTDY	FLTIHFPTDY PFKPPKVAFT
	NGSICLDILR		SQWSPALTIS	SQWSPALTIS KVLLSICSLL
	PELARIYKTD		RDKYNRISRE	RDKYNRISRE WTQKYAM
Biological Activity	The enzyme activity of th	is	recombinant protein is tes	recombinant protein is testing in progress, we cannot o
Appearance	Solution			
Appearance	Solution			
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 μm filte	r	ed solution of 20 mM Tris-H	ed solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, 50% Glycer
Endotoxin Level	<1 FU/ug determined by		Al method	AL method
Endotoxin Level	<1 EO/μg, determined by	-	AL Method.	AL method.
Reconsititution	N/A			
Storage & Stability	Stored at -80°C for 1 year	lt i	s stable at -20°C for 3 mo	s stable at -20°C for 3 months after opening. It is reco
Storage & Stability	extended storage. Avoid	ере	eated freeze-thaw cycles.	eated freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping	Shipping with dry ice			

DESCRIPTION

Background	Modification of proteins with ubiquitin is an important cellular mechanism that targets abnormal or short-lived proteins for degradation. Ubiquitination involves at least three types of enzymes: ubiquitin-activating enzymes (E1), ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes (E2), and ubiquitin-protein ligases (E3). UBE2D3 encodes a member of the E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme family and inhibits the ubiquitination process of the protein p53 in tumors. UBE2D3 protein is induced by E3 ubiquitin protein ligase and plays an important regulatory role in tumorigenesis. In particular, UBE2D3 is highly expressed in glioma and may be a potential target for glioma treatment. UBE2D3 promotes ubiquitination of SHP-2, thereby activating
	glioma and may be a potential target for glioma treatment. UBE2D3 promotes ubiquitination of SHP-2, thereby activating the STAT3 pathway and promoting glioma proliferation and glycolysis. UBE2D3 can interact with SHP-2 and promote its

ubiquitination, thereby increasing the activation of the STAT3 pathway. Inhibition of UBE2D3 inhibits GBM proliferation, glycolysis, and STAT3 phosphorylation in vitro and in vivo^{[1][2]}.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA