

# Product Data Sheet

## SIRP beta 2 Protein, Human (HEK293, Fc)

Cat. No.:	HY-P71315
Synonyms:	dJ776F14.2; PTPN1L; PTPNS1L3; Signal-Regulatory Protein Beta 2; Signal-Regulatory Protein Beta-2; SIRP beta 2; SIRP-beta-2; SIRPG
Species:	Human
Source:	HEK293
Accession:	Q5JXA9 (Q33-G287)
Gene ID:	284759
Molecular Weight:	80-95 kDa

PROPERTIES	
AA Sequence	QSSRNDWQVLQPEGPMLVAEGETLLLRCMVVGSCTDGMIKWVKVSTQDQQEIYNFKRGSFPGVMPMIQRTSEPLNCDYSIYIHNVTREHTGTYHCVRFDGLSEHSEMKSDEGTSVLVKGAGDPEPDLWIIQPQELVLGTTGDTVFLNCTVLGDGPPGPIRWFQGAGLSREAIYNFGGISHPKETAVQASNNDFSILLQNVSSEDAGTYYCVKFQRKPNRQYLSGQGTSLKVKAKSTSSKEAEFTSEPATEMSPTG
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Endotoxin Leve	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	n It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH <sub>2</sub> O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).
Storage & Stab	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US;may vary elsewhere.

## DESCRIPTION

#### Background

Signal-regulatory protein beta-2 (SIRP beta 2), a novel positive regulator of innate immunotherapy, is a member of the signal-regulatory-protein (SIRP) family, and also belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily. SIRP family members are receptor-type transmembrane glycoproteins known to be involved in the negative regulation of receptor tyrosine kinase-coupled signaling processes. SIRP beta 2 has high homology with SIRP beta 1. SIRP beta 2 is expressed under normal physiological conditions in macrophages and granulocytes at the mRNA and protein level and that endogenous expression

of SIRP beta 2 on PMNs correlated with trogocytosis of cancer cells. Furthermore, ectopic expression of SIRP beta 2 in the THP-1 monocytic cell line and in primary cord blood-derived macrophages increased adhesion, differentiation, and cancer cell phagocytosis. SIRP beta 2 recruited the immune activating adaptor protein DAP12 to positively regulate innate immunity, with a mutation of the charged lysine responsible for DAP12 interaction abrogating functional activity. Finally, ectopic expression of SIRP beta 2 on the THP-1 model enhanced surface expression of MHC-1 molecules, enhanced T cell activation as seen by increased NFAT activation in a Jurkat report system and the upregulation of activation markers CD69 and CD25 and IFN-γ secretion on primary T cells<sup>[1]</sup>.

### Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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