

Product Data Sheet

UBE2V2 Protein, Human (His)

Cat. No.:	HY-P71411
Synonyms:	Ubiquitin-Conjugating Enzyme E2 Variant 2; DDVit 1; Enterocyte Differentiation-Associated Factor 1; EDAF-1; Enterocyte Differentiation-Promoting Factor 1; EDPF-1; MMS2 Homolog; Vitamin D3-Inducible Protein; UBE2V2; MMS2; UEV2
Species:	Human
Source:	E. coli
Accession:	Q15819 (M1-N145)
Gene ID:	7336
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 18.0 kDa

DESCRIPTION

Background	The UBE2V2 protein lacks ubiquitin ligase activity when acting alone, but forms a functional heterodimer with UBE2N to
	catalyze the synthesis of non-canonical poly-ubiquitin chains linked through 'Lys-63'. Notably, this type of poly-
	ubiquitination does not result in protein degradation by the proteasome. UBE2V2 plays a pivotal role in mediating the
	transcriptional activation of target genes, exerting influence over cell cycle progression, and contributing to cellular
	differentiation. Furthermore, it is involved in the error-free DNA repair pathway, enhancing cell survival following DNA
	damage. UBE2V2 primarily functions as a heterodimer with UBE2N and demonstrates binding affinity for CHFR, suggesting
	its involvement in various cellular processes and molecular interactions.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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