Proteins



Product Data Sheet

SIRT1 Protein, Human (746a.a, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P71596

Synonyms: 75SirT1; hSIR2; hSIRT1; HST2; SIR2; SIR2 like 1; SIR2 like protein 1; SIR2, S.cerevisiae, homolog-

like 1; SIR2-like protein 1; SIR2ALPHA; SIR2L1; Sirt1

Species: Human Source: E. coli

Accession: Q96EB6 (2A-747S)

Gene ID: 23411

Molecular Weight: Approximately 90 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence				
78 Coducine	A D E A A L A L Q P	GGSPSAAGAD	REAASSPAGE	PLRKRPRRDG
	PGLERSPGEP G	GGAAPEREVP	AAARGCPGAA	AAALWREAEA
	E A A A G G E Q E A	AQATAAAGEG	DNGPGLQGPS	REPPLADNLY
	DEDDDDEGEE	EEEAAAAAIG	YRDNLLFGDE	IITNGFHSCE
	S D E E D R A S H A	SSSDWTPRPR	IGPYTFVQQH	LMIGTDPRTI
	LKDLLPETIP P	PPELDDMTLW	QIVINILSEP	PKRKKRKDIN
	T I E D A V K L L Q E	ECKKIIVLTG	AGVSVSCGIP	DFRSRDGIYA
	R L A V D F P D L P D	D P Q A M F D I E Y	FRKDPRPFFK	FAKEIYPGQF
	Q P S L C H K F I A L	LSDKEGKLLR	NYTQNIDTLE	QVAGIQRIIQ
	C H G S F A T A S C L	LICKYKVDCE	AVRGDIFNQV	VPRCPRCPAD
	E P L A I M K P E I V	V F F G E N L P E Q	FHRAMKYDKD	EVDLLIVIGS
	S L K V R P V A L I P	PSSIPHEVPQ	ILINREPLPH	LHFDVELLGD
	C D V I I N E L C H	RLGGEYAKLC	CNPVKLSEIT	EKPPRTQKEL
	A Y L S E L P P T P L	LHVSEDSSSP	ERTSPPDSSV	IVTLLDQAAK
	SNDDLDVSES K	KGCMEEKPQE	VQTSRNVESI	AEQMENPDLK
	N V G S S T G E K N E	ERTSVAGTVR	KCWPNRVAKE	QISRRLDGNQ
	Y L F L P P N R Y I F	FHGAEVYSDS	EDDVLSSSSC	GSNSDSGTCQ
	S P S L E E P M E D E	ESEIEEFYNG	LEDEPDVPER	AGGAGFGTDG
	D D Q E A I N E A I S	SVKQEVTDMN	YPSNKS	
Biological Activity	The enzyme activity of this recombinant protein is testing in progress, we cannot offer a guarantee yet.			
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.			
Formulation	Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against solution in 20 mM Tris-HC1, 0.5 M NaCl, 6% Trehalose, pH 8.0			
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/μg, determined by LAL method.			
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH2O.			
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is			

	recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

SIRT1, a NAD-dependent protein deacetylase, orchestrates the integration of various cellular functions, including cell cycle progression, response to DNA damage, metabolism, apoptosis, and autophagy, by modulating the acetylation status of numerous target proteins. Functioning as a sensor of the NAD(+)/NADH ratio, SIRT1 responds to changes in cellular energetics induced by factors such as glucose deprivation and caloric restriction. Its wide-ranging impact encompasses chromatin remodeling through histone deacetylation, ultimately leading to transcriptional regulation. SIRT1 engages in diverse interactions, deacetylating transcription factors, coregulators, and histones, thereby exerting both positive and negative regulation on target gene expression. Additionally, SIRT1 is implicated in critical processes such as DNA damage response, autophagy, circadian rhythm regulation, and metabolic homeostasis. Its multifaceted roles extend to the regulation of various cellular pathways and the maintenance of genomic integrity, highlighting its significance in cellular physiology and stress response.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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