

# PNKP Protein, Human (His-SUMO)

Cat. No.:	HY-P71620
Synonyms:	2''(3'')-polynucleotidase; 2'(3')-polynucleotidase; Bifunctional polynucleotide phosphatase/kinase; DEM 1; DEM1; Polynucleotide kinase-3''-phosphatase
Species:	Human
Source:	E. coli
Accession:	Q96T60 (1M-521G)
Gene ID:	11284
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 70 kDa

### PROPERTIES

An Sequence	MGEVEAPGRL WLESPPGGAP PIFLPSDGQA LVLGRGPLTQ
	VTDRKCSRTQ VELVADPETR TVAVKQLGVN PSTTGTQELK
	PGLEGSLGVG DTLYLVNGLH PLTLRWEETR TPESQPDTPP
	GTPLVSQDEK RDAELPKKRM RKSNPGWENL EKLLVFTAAG
	VKPQGKVAGF DLDGTLITTR SGKVFPTGPS DWRILYPEIP
	RKLRELEAEG YKLVIFTNQM SIGRGKLPAE EFKAKVEAVV
	EKLGVPFQVL VATHAGLYRK PVTGMWDHLQ EQANDGTPIS
	IGDSIFVGDA AGRPANWAPG RKKKDFSCAD RLFALNLGLP
	FATPEEFFLK WPAAGFELPA FDPRTVSRSG PLCLPESRAL
	LSASPEVVVA VGFPGAGKST FLKKHLVSAG YVHVNRDTLG
	SWQRCVTTCE TALKQGKRVA IDNTNPDAAS RARYVQCARA
	AGVPCRCFLF TATLEQARHN NRFREMTDSS HIPVSDMVMY
	GYRKQFEAPT LAEGFSAILE IPFRLWVEPR LGRLYCQFSE
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<b>Biological Activity</b>	The enzyme activity of this recombinant protein is testing in progress, we cannot offer a guarantee yet.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder
Formulation	
Formulation	Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against solution in 10 mm Tris-HCl, 1 mm EDTA, 6% Trenatose, pH 8.0.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ in ddH_2O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shinning	Room temperature in continental LIS: may vary elsewhere
PP-11-B	Noon competence in containent to o, may vary cocumere.

## DESCRIPTION

#### Background

PNKP Protein assumes a crucial role in the repair of DNA damage, actively participating in both the non-homologous endjoining (NHEJ) and base excision repair (BER) pathways. Employing its two catalytic activities, PNKP plays a pivotal role in maintaining DNA termini compatibility for subsequent extension and ligation processes. It accomplishes this by either removing 3'-phosphates from the DNA backbone or phosphorylating 5'-hydroxyl groups on the ribose sugar. This dual functionality highlights PNKP's significance in resolving various types of DNA lesions, ensuring the integrity of the genome and contributing to the intricate network of cellular mechanisms dedicated to DNA repair and maintenance.

#### Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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