Proteins

Product Data Sheet



GDI2 Protein, Human (P.pastoris, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P71737

Synonyms: GDI-2; GDP dissociation inhibitor 2; Guanosine diphosphate dissociation inhibitor 2; Rab GDI

Species: Human P. pastoris Source:

Accession: P50395 (1M-445D)

2665 Gene ID:

Molecular Weight: Approximately 52.7 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	
·	MNEEYDVIVL GTGLTECILS GIMSVNGKKV LHMDRNPYYG
	GESASITPLE DLYKRFKIPG SPPESMGRGR DWNVDLIPKF
	LMANGQLVKM LLYTEVTRYL DFKVTEGSFV YKGGKIYKVP
	STEAEALASS LMGLFEKRRF RKFLVYVANF DEKDPRTFEG
	IDPKKTTMRD VYKKFDLGQD VIDFTGHALA LYRTDDYLDQ
	PCYETINRIK LYSESLARYG KSPYLYPLYG LGELPQGFAR
	LSAIYGGTYM LNKPIEEIIV QNGKVIGVKS EGEIARCKQL
	ICDPSYVKDR VEKVGQVIRV ICILSHPIKN TNDANSCQII
	IPQNQVNRKS DIYVCMISFA HNVAAQGKYI AIVSTTVETK
	EPEKEIRPAL ELLEPIEQKF VSISDLLVPK DLGTESQIFI
	SRTYDATTHF ETTCDDIKNI YKRMTGSEFD FEEMKRKKND
	I Y G E D
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against solution in Tris-based buffer, 50% glycerol.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/μg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH ₂ O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is
	recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background The GDI2 Protein acts as a GDP-dissociation inhibitor, preventing the exchange of GDP to GTP for most Rab proteins and thereby regulating intracellular membrane trafficking. By maintaining these small GTPases in their inactive GDP-bound form, GDI2 plays a crucial role in modulating cellular processes. It serves as a negative regulator of protein transport to the cilium and ciliogenesis by inhibiting RAB8A. GDI2 interacts with RHOH and the GDP-bound forms of various Rab proteins, including RAB3A, RAB3B, RAB5C, RAB5B, RAB5C, RAB8B, RAB10, RAB12, RAB35, and RAB43, with a lesser extent of binding to RAB3D. Furthermore, it interacts specifically with the GDP-bound inactive form of RAB8A, preventing its activation. The protein also interacts with DZIP1, negatively regulating the interaction between GDI2 and GDP-bound RAB8A. These interactions highlight the intricate regulatory role of GDI2 in governing membrane trafficking and cellular transport processes.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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