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Product Data Sheet

SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid Protein, Human (His)

Cat. No.: HY-P72034

Synonyms: Nucleocapsid protein

Species: Human Source: E. coli

Accession: P0DTC9 (M1-A419)

Gene ID: 43740575

Molecular Weight: Approximately 48-50 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	M S D N G P Q N Q R N A P R	ITFGGP	SDSTGSNQNG	E R S G A R S K Q R
	• •	ALTQHG	KEDLKFPRGQ	GVPINTNSSP
	DDQIGYYRRA TRRI	RGGDGK	MKDLSPRWYF	YYLGTGPEAG
	L P Y G A N K D G I I W V A	TEGALN	TPKDHIGTRN	PANNAAIVLQ
	L P Q G T T L P K G F Y A E	GSRGGS	QASSRSSSRS	RNSSRNSTPG
	S S R G T S P A R M A G N G	GDAALA	LLLLDRLNQL	ESKMSGKGQQ
	QQGQTVTKKS AAEA	SKKPRQ	KRTATKAYNV	TQAFGRRGPE
	Q T Q G N F G D Q E L I R Q	GTDYKH	WPQIAQFAPS	ASAFFGMSRI
	G M E V T P S G T W L T Y T	AAIKLD	DKDPNFKDQV	ILLNKHIDAY
	KTFPPTEPKK DKKK	KADETQ	ALPQRQKKQQ	TVTLLPAADL
	D D F S K Q L Q Q S M S S A	DSTQA		
Biological Activity	 Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized SARS-CoV-2-N at 2 μg/mL can bind SARS-CoV-2-N Antibody and the EC₅₀ is 0.9081 -8.795 ng/mL. Immobilized SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid protein, His Tag at 1 μg/mL (100 μL/well) can bind Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid Antibody. The ED₅₀ for this effect is 5.118 ng/mL. 			
Appearance	Lyophilized powder			
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm solution of 20 mM Tris-HC1, 0.5 M NaCl, 6% Trehalose, pH 8.0 or 50 mM Tris-HCL, 300 mM NaCl, pH 8.0.			
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/μg, determined by LAL method.			
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ in ddH $_2\text{O}$.			
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.			
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.			

Page 1 of 2

DESCRIPTION

Background

The SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid Protein assumes a pivotal role in virion assembly, orchestrating the packaging of the positive-strand viral genome RNA into a helical ribonucleocapsid (RNP) and establishing crucial interactions with the viral genome and membrane protein M. Beyond its structural functions, this protein significantly contributes to the efficiency of subgenomic viral RNA transcription and overall viral replication. Notably, it exhibits an additional role in modulating host chemokine function, a mechanism that may favor viral replication and transmission. The Nucleocapsid Protein achieves this modulation by being secreted into the extracellular space, where it competes with host chemokines for binding to host glycosaminoglycans (GAG), thus potentially disrupting host defense mechanisms and supporting the viral life cycle.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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Page 2 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com