**Proteins** 



# **Product** Data Sheet

## ATP6AP2 Protein, Human (His-SUMO)

Cat. No.: HY-P72100

Synonyms: APT6M8 9; APT6M8-9; ATP6AP2; ATP6IP2; ATP6M8-9; ATPase H+; -transporting lysosomal

accessory protein 2;

Human Species: Source: E. coli

Accession: O75787 (N17-D350)

Gene ID: 10159

Molecular Weight: Approximately 53.5 kDa

## **PROPERTIES**

AA Sec	uence
--------	-------

NEFSILKSPG SVVFRNGNWP IPGERIPDVA ALSMGFSVKE DLSWPGLAVG NLFHRPRATV MVMVKGVNKL ALPPGSVISY PLENAVPFSL DSVANSIHSL FSEETPVVLQ LAPSEERVYM VGKANSVFED LSVTLRQLRN SLPLNSLSRN RLFQENSVLS NEVDLLFLSE LQVLHDISSL LSRHKHLAKD HSPDLYSLEL AGLDEIGKRY GEDSEQFRDA SKILVDALQK FADDMYSLYG GNAVVELVTV KSFDTSLIRK TRTILEAKQA KNPASPYNLA YKYNFEYSVV FNMVLWIMIA LALAVIITSY NIWNMDPGYD

SIIYRMTNQK IRMD

**Appearance** 

Lyophilized powder.

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm solution of Tris-based buffer, 50% Glycerol.

**Endotoxin Level** 

<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100  $\mu g/mL$  in ddH<sub>2</sub>O.

Storage & Stability

Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

## **DESCRIPTION**

Background

The ATP6AP2 protein, a multifunctional player in cellular processes, serves as a renin and prorenin cellular receptor while contributing to the assembly of the lysosomal proton-transporting V-type ATPase (V-ATPase) and acidification of the endolysosomal system. It is implicated in renin-dependent cellular responses, activating ERK1 and ERK2, and plays a potential role in the renin-angiotensin system (RAS) by enhancing the catalytic efficiency of renin in AGT/angiotensinogen conversion to angiotensin I. Its involvement in V-ATPase assembly and lysosomal acidification regulates protein degradation, influencing signaling pathways crucial for proper brain development, synapse morphology, and synaptic transmission. ATP6AP2 interacts with renin and functions as an accessory component of the V-ATPase protein pump. Its interactions with ATP6AP1, ATP6V0D1, TMEM9, and VMA21 further underscore its intricate role in the assembly and regulation of the V-ATPase complex. This multifaceted functionality positions ATP6AP2 as a key orchestrator in various cellular pathways.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

Page 2 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com