

Product Data Sheet

BMP-1 Protein, Human (His)

Cat. No.:	HY-P72106
Synonyms:	BMP 1; BMP-1; BMP1; BMP1_HUMAN; Bone morphogenetic protein 1; Mammalian tolloid protein; mTld; OI13; PCOLC; PCP; PCP2; Procollagen C endopeptidase; Procollagen C proteinase; Procollagen C-proteinase; TLD; Tolloid; Drosophila; homolog of
Species:	Human
Source:	E. coli
Accession:	P13497 (A121-K986)
Gene ID:	649
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 102 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence				
	AATSRPERVW	PDGVIPFVIG	GNFTGSQRAV	FRQAMRHWEK
	HTCVTFLERT	DEDSYIVFTY	RPCGCCSYVG	RRGGGPQAIS
	IGKNCDKFGI	VVHELGHVVG	FWHEHTRPDR	DRHVSIVREN
	IQPGQEYNFL	KMEPQEVESL	GETYDFDSIM	HYARNTFSRG
	IFLDTIVPKY	EVNGVKPPIG	QRTRLSKGDI	AQARKLYKCP
	ACGETLQDST	GNFSSPEYPN	G Y S A H M H C V W	RISVTPGEKI
	ILNFTSLDLY	R S R L C W Y D Y V	EVRDGFWRKA	PLRGRFCGSK
	LPEPIVSTDS	RLWVEFRSSS	NWVGKGFFAV	YEAICGGDVK
	KDYGHIQSPN	YPDDYRPSKV	CIWRIQVSEG	FHVGLTFQSF
	EIERHDSCAY	DYLEVRDGHS	ESSTLIGRYC	GYEKPDDIKS
	T S S R L W L K F V	SDGSINKAGF	AVNFFKEVDE	CSRPNRGGCE
	QRCLNTLGSY	K C S C D P G Y E L	APDKRRCEAA	CGGFLTKLNG
	SITSPGWPKE	ΥΡΡΝΚΝΟΙWQ	LVAPTQYRIS	LQFDFFETEG
	NDVCKYDFVE	VRSGLTADSK	LHGKFCGSEK	ΡΕΥΙΤЅQΥΝΝ
	MRVEFKSDNT	V S K K G F K A H F	FSDKDECSKD	ΝGGCQQDCVN
	TFGSYECQCR	SGFVLHDNKH	D C K E A G C D H K	VTSTSGTITS
	P N W P D K Y P S K	KECTWAISST	PGHRVKLTFM	EMDIESQPEC
	AYDHLEVFDG	R D A K A P V L G R	FCGSKKPEPV	LATGSRMFLR
	F Y S D N S V Q R K	GFQASHATEC	GGQVRADVKT	KDLYSHAQFG
	DNNYPGGVDC	EWVIVAEEGY	GVELVFQTFE	VEEETDCGYD
	YMELFDGYDS	TAPRLGRYCG	SGPPEEVYSA	GDSVLVKFHS
	DDTITKKGFH	LRYTSTKFQD	TLHSRK	
Biological Activity	Measured by its ability to	cleave a fluorogenic peptide	e substrate Mca-YVADAPK(Dn	p)-OH. The specific activity is 4.879
	pmol/min/µg.			
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.			
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm	solution of Tris-based buffe	er, 50% Glycerol.	

Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ in ddH_2O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background	Bone morphogenetic protein 1 (BMP-1) also known as metalloprotease, belonging to the BMP-1/tolloidlike proteinases (BTP) family ^{[1][2]} . BTPs are known to be involved in the control of muscle growth and homeostasis and in wound healing and tissue repair, and BMP-1 is a signature extracellular matrix (ECM) proteins associated with the high metastatic potential of breast tumors ^[3] . BMP-1 regulates morphogenesis by processing precursors to mature functional extracellular matrix (ECM) proteins and several growth factors including TGFβ, BMP2, BMP4 and GFD8 ^[4] . BMP1 is the dominant C-proteinase in postnatal lung fibroblasts and mediates cleavage of COOH-terminal propeptide of type I procollagen (CICP) with the main action site of extracellular space ^[1] . BMP1 maintains appropriate levels of procollagen I and its activated products, acts as an essential part for maintaining periodontal homeostasis and normal cementum formation ^[2] . The cleavage of thrombospondin-1 (TSP-1), an ECM protein classified as "matricellular" for its ability to regulate cell-matrix
	interactions, results BMP-1 overexpression. However BMP-1 can both trigger the disruption of cell adhesion and stimulate TGF-β signaling in TSP-1-rich microenvironments, which promote the differentiation of primary human keratocytes into myofibroblasts ^[3] . Thereby, BMP1 participates in several developmental and physiological processes such as cartilage and bone formation, muscle growth and homeostasis ^{[2][3]} .
	 Mutations of BMP1 gene cause osteogenesis imperfecta in human, a bone disorder characterized by brittle bones that are prone to fracture, or phenotypes of periodontal disease and skin fragility in mice^[3]. BMP1-3 is a novel systemic regulator of bone repair. BMP1-3 isoform of the BMP-1 gene circulates in the human plasma and enhances bone healing. In vitro BMP1-3 increases the expression of collagen type I and osteocalcin in MC3T3-E(1) osteoblast like cells, and enhances the formation of mineralized bone nodules from bone marrow mesenchymal stem cells^[4]. BMP-1 is widely found in different animals, while the sequence in human is highly similar with rat (96.54%), and mouse (96.34).

REFERENCES

[1]. N'Diaye EN, et al. Extracellular BMP-1 is the major proteinase for COOH-terminal proteolysis of type I procollagen in lung fibroblasts. Am J Physiol Cell Physiol. 2021 Feb 1;320(2):C162-C174.

[2]. Wang J, et al. Proteinase bone morphogenetic protein 1, but not tolloid-like 1, plays a dominant role in maintaining periodontal homeostasis. J Periodontol. 2021 Jul;92(7):1018-1029.

[3]. Anastasi C, et al. BMP-1 disrupts cell adhesion and enhances TGF-β activation through cleavage of the matricellular protein thrombospondin-1. Sci Signal. 2020 Jul 7;13(639):eaba3880.

[4]. Grgurevic L, et al. Bone morphogenetic protein (BMP)1-3 enhances bone repair. Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2011 Apr 29;408(1):25-31.

[5]. Grgurevic L, et al. Bone morphogenetic protein (BMP)1-3 enhances bone repair. Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2011 Apr 29;408(1):25-31.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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