

Product Data Sheet

Erythropoietin Protein, Cynomolgus (His-SUMO)

Cat. No.:	HY-P72186
Synonyms:	EPOErythropoietin
Species:	Cynomolgus
Source:	E. coli
Accession:	P07865 (A28-R192)
Gene ID:	101925524
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 34.2 kDa

PROPERTIES				
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AA Sequence	ΑP	PRLICDSR	PRLICDSR VLERYLLEAK	PRLICDSR VLERYLLEAK EAENVTMGCS
	VPDTKV			
	LANSSQPF		-	
		R	R TITADTFCKL	R TITADTFCKL FRVYSNFLRG
	RRGDR			
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.			
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µ	ır	am solution of Tris-based buffe	ım solution of Tris-based buffer, 50% Glycerol.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined b	y	y LAL method.	y LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to	c	o reconstitute to a concentra	o reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ in c
Storage & Stability	-			rs. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20
	recommended to freeze	9 i	e aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for	e aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in co	1	ntinental US;may vary elsewl	ntinental US;may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background	Erythropoietin protein (EPO) plays a crucial role in regulating the growth and maturation of red blood cells, as well as
	maintaining the appropriate balance of circulating erythrocytes in the body. When EPO binds to its receptor (EPOR), it
	triggers EPOR dimerization, which in turn activates JAK2, initiating a cascade of events that involve specific downstream
	effectors such as STAT1 and STAT3. These molecular pathways are essential for ensuring the proper proliferation and
	differentiation of erythrocytes, as well as maintaining the optimal level of red blood cells in circulation.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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