

Product Data Sheet

GZMA/Granzyme A Protein, Mouse (His-B2M)

| Cat. No.: | HY-P72220 |
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| Synonyms: | Gzma; Ctla-3; Ctla3; Mtsp-1; Granzyme A; EC 3.4.21.78; Autocrine thymic lymphoma granzyme- like serine protease; CTLA-3; Fragmentin-1; T cell-specific serine protease 1; TSP-1 |
| Species: | Mouse |
| Source: | E. coli |
| Accession: | P11032 (I29-V260) |
| Gene ID: | 14938 |
| Molecular Weight: | Approximately 39.6 kDa |

| PROPERTIES | |
|---------------------|--|
| AA Sequence | I I G G D T V V P H S R P Y M A L L K L S S N T I C A G A L I E K N W V L T A A H C N V G K R S K F I L G A H S I N K E P E Q Q I L T V K K A F P Y P C Y D E Y T R E G D L Q L V R L K K K A T V N R N V A I L H L P K K G D D V K P G T R C R V A G W G R F G N K S A P S E T L R E V N I T V I D R K I C N D E K H Y N F H P V I G L N M I C A G D L R G G K D S C N G D S G S P L L C D G I L R G I T S F G G E K C G D R R W P G V Y T F L S D K H L N W I K K I M K G S V |
| Biological Activity | Measured by its ability to cleave a colorimetric peptide substrate, N-carbobenzyloxy-Gly-Arg-ThioBenzyl ester (Z-GR-SBzl), in the presence of 5,5'Dithio-bis (2-nitrobenzoic acid) (DTNB). The specific activity is 7995.363 pmol/min/µg, as measured under the described conditions. |
| Appearance | Lyophilized powder. |
| Formulation | Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m sterile filtered PBS, 6% Trehalose, pH 7.4. |
| Endotoxin Level | <1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method. |
| Reconsititution | It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ in ddH20. |
| Storage & Stability | Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage. |
| Shipping | Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere. |

DESCRIPTION

Background

Granzyme A (GZMA) is a highly abundant protease found in the cytosolic granules of cytotoxic T-cells and natural killer cells, playing a crucial role in immune defense mechanisms. When delivered into the target cell through the immunological synapse, GZMA activates caspase-independent pyroptosis. It exhibits a substrate specificity for cleavage after lysine or arginine residues. Notably, GZMA cleaves APEX1 after 'Lys-31,' disrupting its oxidative repair activity. Additionally, it targets the nucleosome assembly protein SET, cleaving it after 'Lys-189.' This cleavage event disrupts SET's nucleosome assembly activity and facilitates the translocation of the SET complex into the nucleus, where it is involved in nicking and degrading DNA. The multifunctional activities of GZMA underscore its significance in orchestrating diverse cellular processes during immune responses.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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