

Product Data Sheet

UGT1A1 Protein, Human (P.pastoris, His)

HY-P72277
BILIQTL1; UDP-glucuronosyltransferase 1-1
Human
P. pastoris
P22309 (H26-H533)
54658
Approximately 70.0 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	HAGKILLIPV	DGSHWLSMLG	AIQQLQQRGH	EIVVLAPDAS
	LYIRDGAFYT	LKTYPVPFQR	EDVKESFVSL	GHNVFENDSF
	LQRVIKTYKK	IKKDSAMLLS	GCSHLLHNKE	LMASLAESSF
	DVMLTDPFLP	CSPIVAQYLS	LPTVFFLHAL	PCSLEFEATQ
	CPNPFSYVPR	P L S S H S D H M T	FLQRVKNMLI	AFSQNFLCDV
	VYSPYATLAS	EFLQREVTVQ	DLLSSASVWL	FRSDFVKDYP
	RPIMPNMVFV	GGINCLHQNP	LSQEFEAYIN	ASGEHGIVVF
	SLGSMVSEIP	ЕККАМАІАDА	LGKIPQTVLW	RYTGTRPSNL
	ANNTILVKWL	PQNDLLGHPM	TRAFITHAGS	HGVYESICNG
	VPMVMMPLFG	DQMDNAKRME	ΤΚGAGVTLNV	LEMTSEDLEN
	ALKAVINDKS	YKENIMRLSS	LHKDRPVEPL	DLAVFWVEFV
	MRHKGAPHLR	P A A H D L T W Y Q	YHSLDVIGFL	LAVVLTVAFI
	T F K C C A Y G Y R	K C L G K K G R V K	КАНКЅКТН	
Biological Activity	The enzyme activity of this recombinant protein is testing in progress, we cannot offer a guarantee yet.			
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.			
Formulation	Lyophilized from 0.2 μm filtered solution in 20 mM Tris-HC1, 0.5 M NaCl, 3% Trehalose, pH 8.0.			
Endotoxin Level	<1.0 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.			
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ in ddH_2O.			
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). I recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.			
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.			

It is

DESCRIPTION

Background

UGT1A1, a crucial member of the UDP-glucuronosyltransferase (UGT) family, orchestrates phase II biotransformation reactions by catalyzing the conjugation of lipophilic substrates with glucuronic acid. This enzymatic process enhances water solubility, facilitating the excretion of metabolites into urine or bile. Essential for the elimination and detoxification of drugs, xenobiotics, and endogenous compounds, UGT1A1 is versatile in its substrate specificity. It catalyzes the glucuronidation of endogenous estrogen hormones like estradiol, estrone, and estriol, contributing to the regulation of hormonal balance. Furthermore, UGT1A1 is involved in the glucuronidation of bilirubin, a byproduct of heme degradation. It extends its catalytic reach to phytoestrogens, such as genistein and daidzein, as well as the pharmacologically active metabolite of irinotecan, SN-38. Interestingly, while UGT1A1 lacks glucuronidation activity, it acts as a negative regulator of isoform 1, showcasing its intricate role in cellular processes.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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