**Proteins** 

# **Product** Data Sheet

# CDK5 Protein, Human (P.pastoris, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P72298

Synonyms: Cdk5; Cell division protein kinase 5; Protein kinase CDK5 splicing; PSSALRE

Species: Human Source: P. pastoris

Q00535 (M1-P292) Accession:

Gene ID: 1020

Molecular Weight: Approximately 38.0 kDa

## **PROPERTIES**

AA Sequence	AA	Seq	uen	ce
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MQKYEKLEKI GEGTYGTVFK AKNRETHEIV ALKRVRLDDD DEGVPSSALR EICLLKELKH KNIVRLHDVL HSDKKLTLVF EFCDQDLKKY FDSCNGDLDP EIVKSFLFQL LKGLGFCHSR NLLINRNGEL FGIPVRCYSA NVLHRDLKPQ KLADFGLARA EVVTLWYRPP DVLFGAKLYS TSIDMWSAGC IFAELANAGR TPTEEQWPSM PLFPGNDVDD QLKRIFRLLG TKLPDYKPYP MYPATTSLVN VVPKLNATGR DLLQNLLKCN PVQRISAEEA

LQHPYFSDFC PP

**Biological Activity** 

The enzyme activity of this recombinant protein is testing in progress, we cannot offer a guarantee yet.

**Appearance** 

Lyophilized powder.

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4.

**Endotoxin Level** 

<1.0 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100  $\mu$ g/mL in ddH<sub>2</sub>O.

Storage & Stability

Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

## **DESCRIPTION**

**Background** 

CDK5, a proline-directed serine/threonine-protein kinase, stands as an essential player in neuronal cell cycle regulation, differentiation, and the potential induction of apoptotic cell death in neuronal diseases by instigating abortive cell cycle reentry. Its interactions span a spectrum, engaging with proteins like D1 and D3-type G1 cyclins, SRC, NOS3, VIM/vimentin,

p35/CDK5R1, MEF2A, SIPA1L1, SH3GLB1, PXN, PAK1, MCAM/MUC18, SEPT5, SYN1, DNM1, AMPH, SYNJ1, CDK16, RAC1, RHOA, CDC42, TONEBP/NFAT5, MAPT/TAU, MAP1B, histone H1, p53/TP53, HDAC1, APEX1, PTK2/FAK1, huntingtin/HTT, ATM, MAP2, NEFH, and NEFM. Functionally, CDK5 orchestrates critical processes in neuronal development, including survival, migration, differentiation, axonal and neurite growth, synaptogenesis, oligodendrocyte differentiation, synaptic plasticity, and neurotransmission, achieved by phosphorylating key proteins. Additionally, it negatively regulates the CACNA1B/CAV2.2-mediated Ca(2+) release probability at hippocampal neuronal soma and synaptic terminals. In the mature central nervous system, CDK5 plays a pivotal role in neurotransmitter movements and cell survival, activating anti-apoptotic proteins BCL2 and STAT3 while negatively regulating JNK3/MAPK10 activity. Its multifaceted functions encompass the intricate regulation of various cellular processes, including DNA damage response, Wnt/beta-catenin signaling, and the GAIT pathway.

Moreover, CDK5 impacts dendritic spine morphogenesis and participates in circadian clock regulation by modulating CLOCK protein function.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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Page 2 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com