Proteins



Product Data Sheet

IgG1 Protein, Human (Biotinylated, HEK293, Avi)

Cat. No.: HY-P72379

Synonyms: Ig gamma-1 chain C region; IGHG1

Species: Human HEK293 Source:

P01857 (D104-K330, D239E, L241M) Accession:

Gene ID: 3500

Molecular Weight: Approximately 33 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	9
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DKTHTCPPCP APELLGGPSV FLFPPKPKDT LMISRTPEVT CVVVDVSHED PEVKFNWYVD GVEVHNAKTK PREEQYNSTY QDWLNGKEYK RVVSVLTVLH CKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAK GQPREPQVYT LPPSREEMTK NQVSLTCEVK GFYPSDIAVE YKTTPPVLDS WESNGQPENN DGSFFLYSKL TVDKSRWQQG ALHNHYTQKS NVFSCSVMHE LSLSPGK

Appearance

Lyophilized powder.

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Endotoxin Level

<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than $100 \, \mu g/mL$ in ddH_2O . For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).

Storage & Stability

Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

The constant region of immunoglobulin heavy chains, known as antibodies, represents membrane-bound or secreted glycoproteins produced by B lymphocytes. In the recognition phase of humoral immunity, these membrane-bound immunoglobulins act as receptors, initiating the clonal expansion and differentiation of B lymphocytes into immunoglobulin-secreting plasma cells upon binding specific antigens. Secreted immunoglobulins play a crucial role in the effector phase of humoral immunity, leading to the elimination of bound antigens. The antigen binding site is shaped by the variable domain of one heavy chain, along with that of its associated light chain, resulting in each immunoglobulin having

two antigen binding sites with remarkable affinity for a particular antigen. Variable domains undergo V-(D)-J rearrangement and subsequent somatic hypermutations, enabling affinity maturation for a specific antigen following exposure and selection. IgG1 protein mediates effector functions on monocytes, triggering antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC) of virus-infected cells. Immunoglobulins are composed of two identical heavy chains and two identical light chains, interconnected by disulfide linkages, and interact with FCGR1A, FCGR2A, and FCGR3A to mediate various effector functions.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

Page 2 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com