Proteins



Product Data Sheet

PDGF R beta Protein, Human (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P72494

Synonyms: Platelet-derived growth factor receptor beta; PDGF-R-beta; PDGFR-1; CD140b; PDGFRB

Species: Source: HEK293

Accession: NP_002600.1 (L33-K531)

Gene ID: 5159

Molecular Weight: 85-130 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	LVVTPPGPEL VLNVSSTFVL TCSGSAPVVW ERMSQEPPQE MAKAQDGTFS SVLTLTNLTG LDTGEYFCTH NDSRGLETDE RKRLYIFVPD PTVGFLPNDA EELFIFLTEI TEITIPCRVT DPQLVVTLHE KKGDVALPVP YDHQRGFSGI FEDRSYICKT TIGDREVDSD AYYVYRLQVS SINVSVNAVQ TVVRQGENIT LMCIVIGNEV VNFEWTYPRK ESGRLVEPVT DFLLDMPYHI RSILHIPSAE LEDSGTYTCN VTESVNDHQD EKAINITVVE SGYVRLLGEV GTLQFAELHR SRTLQVVFEA YPPPTVLWFK DNRTLGDSSA GEIALSTRNV SETRYVSELT LVRVKVAEAG HYTMRAFHED AEVQLSFQLQ INVPVRVLEL SESHPDSGEQ TVRCRGRGMP QPNIIWSACR DLKRCPRELP PTLLGNSSEE
Biological Activity	ESQLETNVTY WEEEQEFEVV STLRLQHVDR PLSVRCTLRN AVGQDTQEVI VVPHSLPF Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized PDGF-BB at 1 μg/mL (100 μL/well) can bind Biotinylated PDGFR beta. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is 42.19 ng/mL.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.2.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/μg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH ₂ O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

Page 1 of 2

DESCRIPTION

Background

The PDGF R beta Protein encodes a cell surface tyrosine kinase receptor that interacts with members of the platelet-derived growth factor family, known mitogens for cells of mesenchymal origin. The identity of the growth factor binding to a receptor monomer determines whether the functional receptor forms a homodimer (with PDGFB or PDGFD) or a heterodimer (with PDGFA and PDGFB). Essential for normal cardiovascular system development and the rearrangement of the actin cytoskeleton, this gene is flanked on chromosome 5 by the genes for granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor and macrophage-colony stimulating factor receptor, with all three potentially implicated in the 5-q syndrome. A translocation between chromosomes 5 and 12, resulting in the fusion of this gene with that of the ETV6 gene, leads to chronic myeloproliferative disorder with eosinophilia. Broadly expressed, the PDGF R beta gene exhibits elevated levels in the gall bladder (RPKM 79.5), placenta (RPKM 61.0), and 21 other tissues, indicating its involvement in diverse physiological contexts across multiple organs.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA