

MEC/CCL28 Protein, Mouse

Cat. No.:	HY-P7251
Synonyms:	rMuMEC/CCL28; C-C motif chemokine 28; SCYA28
Species:	Mouse
Source:	E. coli
Accession:	Q9JIL2 (S20-R130)
Gene ID:	56838
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 15.1 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	<p> S E A I L P M A S S C C T E V S H H V S G R L L E R V S S C S I Q R A D G D C D L A A V I L H V K R R R I C I S P H N R T L K Q W M R A S E V K K N G R E N V C S G K K Q P S R K D R K G H T T R K H R T R G T H R H E A S R </p>
Biological Activity	Determined by its ability to chemoattract CTLL -2 cells. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is 1.664 ng/mL, corresponding to a specific activity is 6.01×10 ⁵ U/mg.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/μg, determined by LAL method.
Reconstitution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH ₂ O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer. It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background	<p>CCL28, also known as mucosal associated epithelial chemokine (MEC), CCK1, and SCYA28, is a chemokine. It is expressed in various mucosal sites, including salivary glands and mammary glands, trachea and colon, and small intestine. CCL28 has been classified as an important component chemokine in homeostasis lymphocyte transport and can bind to CCR3 and CCR10. Among them, CCL28 can chemotactic CCR10 expression of CD4 and CD8 T cell populations, as well as CCR3 expression of eosinophils migration. However, in the intestinal mucosa, few T cells express CCR10. In contrast, in the B-cell population, CCR10 can be selectively expressed by IgA plasma mother cells and IgA-secreting cells (i.e. plasma cells), which</p>
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play a key role in homing plasma mother cells to extraintestinal effector sites^[1]. CCL28 is constitutively expressed in the colon, but its levels can be increased by pro-inflammatory cytokines and certain bacterial products that play a role in effector cell recruitment to sites of epithelial injury. CCL28 can act as a unifying immunostimulant on the mucosal surface and is involved in the migration of IgA-expressing cells to the breast, salivary glands, intestine, and other mucosal tissues. In addition, CCL28 exhibits broad-spectrum antimicrobial activity against Gram-negative and Gram-positive bacteria as well as fungi, such as *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* and *Klebsiella pneumoniae*. Further studies also showed that the positively charged amino acids at the C-terminal end of CCL28 significantly contributed to the antibacterial activity of the protein, and its characteristic hydrophobicity and amphiphilicity also contributed to its killing activity^[2].

REFERENCES

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- [3]. Nicolas Cuburu, et al. Sublingual immunization with nonreplicating antigens induces antibody-forming cells and cytotoxic T cells in the female genital tract mucosa and protects against genital papillomavirus infection. *J Immunol*. 2009 Dec 15;183(12):7851-9.
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