Proteins



Product Data Sheet

LILRB4/CD85k/ILT3 Protein, Human (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P72519

Synonyms: Leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor subfamily B member 4; CD85k; Lilrb4; Gp49b

Species: **HEK293** Source:

Q8NHJ6 (Q22-E259) Accession:

Gene ID: 11006

Molecular Weight: Approximately 37 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence				
·	QAGPLPKPTL	WAEPGSVISW	GNSVTIWCQG	TLEAREYRLD
	KEESPAPWDR	QNPLEPKNKA	RFSIPSMTED	YAGRYRCYYR
	SPVGWSQPSD	PLELVMTGAY	SKPTLSALPS	PLVTSGKSVT
	LLCQSRSPMD	TFLLIKERAA	HPLLHLRSEH	GAQQHQAEFP
	$M \; S \; P \; V \; T \; S \; V \; H \; G \; G$	TYRCFSSHGF	SHYLLSHPSD	PLELIVSGSL
	EDPRPSPTRS	VSTAAGPEDQ	PLMPTGSVPH	SGLRRHWE
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.			

Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Endotovin Level	<1 FIL/ug determined by LAL method

Reconsititution It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than $100 \, \mu g/mL$ in ddH_2O . For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).

Storage & Stability Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

LILRB4/CD85k/ILT3, an inhibitory receptor, plays a pivotal role in immune regulation and the establishment of immune tolerance. Functioning as a receptor for FN1, apolipoprotein APOE, and ALCAM/CD166, this protein is involved in diverse cellular processes. It inhibits receptor-mediated phosphorylation of cellular proteins and the mobilization of intracellular calcium ions, and it further down-regulates FCGR1A/CD64-mediated monocyte activation, leading to reduced TNF production. Additionally, LILRB4/ILT3 impedes T cell proliferation, inducing anergy, suppressing the differentiation of IFNGproducing CD8+ cytotoxic T cells, and promoting the generation of CD8+ T suppressor cells. It induces the up-regulation of

CD86 on dendritic cells and interferes with TNFRSF5-signaling and NF-kappa-B up-regulation. The inhibitory effects are at least partially mediated through interactions with FN1 and the phosphatase PTPN6.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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