

## NGFR Protein, Human (HEK293)

Cat. No.:	HY-P7271
Synonyms:	rHuNGFR; Gp80-LNGFR; p75 ICD; CD271; TNFRSF16
Species:	Human
Source:	HEK293
Accession:	P08138 (K29-N250)
Gene ID:	4804
Molecular Weight:	32-60 kDa

### PROPERTIES

<b>AA Sequence</b>	<pre> KEACPTGLYT   HSGECKKACN   LGE GVAQPCG   ANQTVCEPCL DSVTFSDVVS   ATEPCKPCTE   CVGLQSMSAP   CVEADDAVCR CAYGYYQDET   TGRCEACRVC   EAGSGLVFSC   QDKQNTVCEE CPDGTYSDEA   NHVDPCLPCT   VCEDTERQLR   ECTRWADAEC EEIPGRWITR   STPPEGSDST   APSTQEPEAP   PEQDLIASTV AGVVTTVMGS   SQPVVTRGTT   DN           </pre>
<b>Biological Activity</b>	The ED <sub>50</sub> is <0.4 µg/mL as measured by TF-1 cells.
<b>Appearance</b>	Lyophilized powder.
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.22 µm filtered solution of PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4.
<b>Endotoxin Level</b>	<0.2 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 µg/mL in ddH <sub>2</sub> O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).
<b>Storage &amp; Stability</b>	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
<b>Shipping</b>	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

### DESCRIPTION

<b>Background</b>	<p>Nerve Growth Factor Receptor (NGFR) is expressed not only in nervous tissue, but also in non-neuronal normal and cancer cells, such as perivascular cells, dental pulp cells, lymphoidal follicular dendritic cells, basal epithelium of oral mucosa and hair follicles, prostate basal cells and myoepithelial cells<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>Human NGFR shares 92.45% aa sequence identity with mouse NGFR protein and 92.42% aa sequence identity with rat NGFR</p>
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protein.

Nerve Growth Factor Receptor (NGFR) is a type-I transmembrane protein, a typical structure of the TNFR superfamily and devoid of intrinsic catalytic activity. NGFR signaling involves activation of NF- $\kappa$ B (Rel/NF- $\kappa$ B transcription factors) and the phosphorylation of the transcription factor c-Jun kinase (JNK), as well as increased production of ceramide, leading to gene transcription or programmed cell death<sup>[2]</sup>.

NGFR induces p53-dependent apoptosis and cell growth arrest as well as suppressed tumor growth<sup>[3]</sup>. The low-affinity nerve growth factor receptor (NGFR) p75<sup>NTR</sup> induces apoptosis in the absence of nerve growth factor (NGF) binding but enhances neural survival when bound by NGF. NGFR enhances beta-amyloid peptide toxicity<sup>[4]</sup>. NGFR signal can induce the subsequent downregulation of melanoma antigens and eventually suppress CTL activation<sup>[5]</sup>.

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## REFERENCES

- [1]. Reis-Filho JS, et al. Distribution and significance of nerve growth factor receptor (NGFR/p75<sup>NTR</sup>) in normal, benign and malignant breast tissue. *Mod Pathol*. 2006 Feb;19(2):307-19.
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- [3]. Zhou X, et al. Nerve growth factor receptor negates the tumor suppressor p53 as a feedback regulator. *Elife*. 2016 Jun 10;5:e15099.
- [4]. Rabizadeh S, et al. Expression of the low-affinity nerve growth factor receptor enhances beta-amyloid peptide toxicity. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A*. 1994 Oct 25;91(22):10703-6.
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- [7]. Chen C, et al. ESM1 mediates NGFR-induced invasion and metastasis in murine oral squamous cell carcinoma. *Oncotarget*. 2016 Oct 25;7(43):70738-70749.
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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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