

## Histone H3 Protein, Human (His)

Cat. No.:	HY-P72798
Synonyms:	Histone H3.1; Histone H3
Species:	Human
Source:	E. coli
Accession:	P68431 (A2-A136)
Gene ID:	8350
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 18 kDa

### PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	A R T K Q T A R K S    T G G K A P R K Q L    A T K A A R K S A P    A T G G V K K P H R Y R P G T V A L R E    I R R Y Q K S T E L    L I R K L P F Q R L    V R E I A Q D F K T D L R F Q S S A V M    A L Q E A C E A Y L    V G L F E D T N L C    A I H A K R V T I M P K D I Q L A R R I    R G E R A
Appearance	Lyophilized powder
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4 or 50 mM Tris-HCL, 300 mM NaCl, 200 mM arginine, pH 8.0.
Endotoxin Level	/
Reconstitution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 µg/mL in ddH <sub>2</sub> O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

### DESCRIPTION

Background	<p>Histone H3, a fundamental component of the nucleosome, serves as a linchpin in the intricate process of wrapping and compacting DNA into chromatin, which in turn restricts DNA accessibility to cellular machineries requiring DNA as a template. This histone, alongside its counterparts, assumes a pivotal role in pivotal cellular functions, including transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication, and the maintenance of chromosomal stability. The regulation of DNA accessibility involves a sophisticated interplay of post-translational modifications collectively referred to as the histone code, coupled with the dynamic remodeling of nucleosomes. The nucleosome itself comprises a histone octamer, composed of two molecules each of H2A, H2B, H3, and H4, assembled in one H3-H4 heterotetramer and two H2A-H2B heterodimers. This octamer efficiently wraps approximately 147 base pairs of DNA, exemplifying its indispensable role in</p>
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organizing chromatin structure and facilitating crucial genomic processes. Additionally, Histone H3 interacts with various cellular components such as TONSL, CHAF1A, CHAF1B, MCM2, and DNAJC9, further contributing to its multifaceted functions.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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