

# Screening Libraries

**Proteins** 

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## **Product** Data Sheet

# MedChemExpress

#### ACVRL1/ALK1 Protein, Mouse (HEK293, His-Fc)

**Cat. No.:** HY-P72819

Synonyms: Serine/threonine-protein kinase receptor R3; SKR3; ALK-1; TSR-I; ACVRL1

Species: Mouse
Source: HEK293

**Accession:** Q61288 (M1-P119)

Gene ID: 11482

Molecular Weight: 50-55 kDa

#### **PROPERTIES**

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$\Lambda \Lambda$	Sea	IIIΔN	60

MTLGSFRRGL LMLSVAFGLT RGDLAKPSKL VNCTCESPHC KRPFCQGSWC TVVLVREQGR HPQVYRGCGS LNQELCLGRP TEFLNHHCCY RSFCNHNVSL MLEATQTPSE EPEVDAHLP

**Biological Activity** The enzyme activity of this recombinant protein is testing in progress, we cannot offer a guarantee yet.

Appearance Lyophilized powder.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.

Endotoxin Level <1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

**Reconstitution** It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100  $\mu$ g/mL in ddH<sub>2</sub>O.

Storage & Stability

Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

**Shipping** Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

#### **DESCRIPTION**

Background

ALK-1, also known as ACVRL1, is a type I receptor for TGF- $\beta$  superfamily with 2 ligands, BMP9 and BMP10. ALK-1 is predominantly expressed in endothelial cells and plays a critical role in regulating angiogenesis [1][2].

Mature human ALK-1 shares 89% amino acid sequence identity with mouse and rat ALK-1. While, mouse ALK-1 shares 96% aa sequence identity with rat ALK-1 protein.

ALK-1 is able to bind to TGF- $\beta$ 1 or activins in the presence of either T $\beta$ R-II or activin type II receptors, respectively. However, ALK-1 does not elicit a specific transcriptional response. Thus, ALK-1 has been considered an "orphan" receptor. ALK-1 is a type I receptor that mediates signaling of BMP9 (bone morphogenetic protein) and BMP10, proteins in the TGF- $\beta$ 

superfamily. Signaling through ALK-1 results in phosphorylation of the intracellular Smad 1/5/8 cascade which activates proangiogenic transcription factors such as ID1 and ID3. ALK-1 binds to TGF-β1 and phosphorylates Smad1 and Smad5. Overexpression of ALK-1 in HepG2 cells inhibits the ALK5-mediated TGF-β1 response. The balance between ALK-1 and ALK5 may be crucial for controlling the properties of endothelium during angiogenesis<sup>[1]</sup>. BMP9/BMP10/ALK-1 signaling controlled the specific gene expression program and survival of Kupffer cells (KCs) through a Smad4-dependent pathway. Functionally, the loss of ALK-1 resulted in impaired capture of L. monocytogenes and overwhelming disseminated infections [2].

ALK-1 is expressed in blood vessels during embryogenesis and adult stages. In addition, mutations of the ALK-1 gene have been linked to the type II hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia<sup>[1]</sup>. ALK-1 inhibits BMP9-mediated Id-1 expression in human umbilical vein endothelial cells. In a chick chorioallantoic membrane assay, ALK-1 reduces VEGF-, FGF-, and BMP10-mediated vessel formation. In addition, ALK1 reduces tumor burden in mice receiving orthotopic grafts of MCF7 mammary adenocarcinoma cells<sup>[3]</sup>.

#### **REFERENCES**

- [1]. S P Oh, et al. Activin receptor-like kinase 1 modulates transforming growth factor-beta 1 signaling in the regulation of angiogenesis. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2000 Mar 14;97(6):2626-31.
- [2]. Dianyuan Zhao, et al. ALK1 signaling is required for the homeostasis of Kupffer cells and prevention of bacterial infection. J Clin Invest. 2022 Feb 1;132(3):e150489.
- [3]. Dianne Mitchell, et al. ALK1-Fc inhibits multiple mediators of angiogenesis and suppresses tumor growth. Mol Cancer Ther. 2010 Feb;9(2):379-88.
- [4]. Dongxing Zhu, et al. BMP-9 regulates the osteoblastic differentiation and calcification of vascular smooth muscle cells through an ALK1 mediated pathway. J Cell Mol Med. 2015 Jan;19(1):165-74.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

 $\hbox{E-mail: } tech@MedChemExpress.com$ 

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA