

Product Data Sheet

Carboxypeptidase A1/CPA1 Protein, Mouse (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P72868

Synonyms: Carboxypeptidase A1; Cpa1

Species: Mouse **Source:** HEK293

Accession: Q7TPZ8 (N17-Y419)

Gene ID: 109697

Molecular Weight: Approximately 42-49 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	NENFVGHQVL RISATDEAQV QKVRELEELE HLKLDFWRDP ARAGLPIDVR VPFPTIQSVK AFLEYHDISY EIMIEDVQSL LDEEKQQMSA FQARALSTDA FNYATYHTLD EIYEFMDLLV TEHPQLVSKI QIGSTFEGRP INVLKFSTGG TNRPAIWIDT GIHSREWVTQ ASGVWFAKKI TKDYGQEPTL TAILDNMDIF LEIVTNPDGF VYTHKTNRMW RKTRSHTEGS LCVGVDPNRN WDAAFGMPGA SSNPCSETYR GKFPNSEVEV KSIVDFVTSH GNIKAFISIH SYSQLLLYPY GYTSEPAPDK EELDQLAKSA VTALTSLHGT KFKYGSIIDT IYQASGSTID WTYSQGIKYS FTFELRDTGL RGFLLPASQI IPTAEETWLA LLTIMDHTVK
Biological Activity	Measured by its ability to cleave the colorimetric peptide substrate Ac-Phe-Thiaphe-OH in the presence of 5,5'Dithio-bis (2-nitrobenzoic acid) (DTNB). The specific activity is 5420.437 pmol/min/μg, as measured under the described conditions.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.5 or 25 mM Tris-HCL, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.5.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/μg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH $_2$ O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

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Background

Carboxypeptidase A1 (CPA1) is an enzyme that plays a crucial role in catalyzing the release of C-terminal amino acids from peptides. However, its activity is limited or absent for peptides with C-terminal residues such as -Asp, -Glu, -Arg, -Lys, or -Pro. This substrate specificity indicates that CPA1 exhibits selectivity in its cleavage preferences, preferring certain amino acid residues at the C-terminus of peptides. The enzyme's action in releasing C-terminal amino acids contributes to various physiological processes, such as the digestion of proteins in the digestive system, highlighting its importance in the regulation of peptide and protein metabolism.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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