

Screening Libraries

Proteins

Inhibitors

Product Data Sheet

Animal-Free CD40L/CD154/TRAP Protein, Human (His)

Cat. No.: HY-P72907AF

Synonyms: soluble CD40 Ligand; CD40 ligand; CD40-L; TRAP; CD154; sCD40L; TNFSF5

Species: Source: E. coli

P29965 (E108-L261) Accession:

Gene ID: 959

Molecular Weight: Approximately 16.99 kDa

PROPERTIES

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AA	Sec	uen	CE

AAHVISEASS MQKGDQNPQI KTTSVLQWAE KGYYTMSNNL VTLENGKQLT VKRQGLYYIY AQVTFCSNRE ASSQAPFIAS LWLKSPGRFE RILLRAANTH SSAKPCGQQS IHLGGVFELQ

PGASVFVNVT DPSQVSHGTG FTSFGLLKL

Measure by its ability to induce IL-8 secretion in human PBMCs. The ED₅₀ for this effect is <5 ng/mL. **Biological Activity**

Lyophilized powder. **Appearance**

Formulation Lyophilized from a solution containing 1X PBS, pH 8.0.

Endotoxin Level <0.1 EU per 1 μ g of the protein by the LAL method.

Reconsititution It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH₂O.

Storage & Stability Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

CD40L, also known as CD154 or TRAP protein, functions as a cytokine and serves as a ligand for CD40/TNFRSF5, orchestrating a cascade of immunological responses. It plays a pivotal role in T-cell activation, acting as a potent costimulator that enhances both T-cell proliferation and cytokine production, specifically IL4 and IL10. Upon cross-linking on T-cells, CD40L generates a costimulatory signal synergizing with TCR/CD3 ligation and CD28 costimulation. Additionally, CD40L induces the activation of NF-kappa-B, triggers the activation of kinases MAPK8 and PAK2 in T-cells, and facilitates tyrosine phosphorylation of CD28 isoform 3. Beyond T-cell modulation, CD40L mediates B-cell proliferation in the absence of co-stimulus and promotes IgE production in the presence of IL4, contributing to immunoglobulin class switching.

Furthermore, it serves as a ligand for integrins, specifically ITGA5:ITGB1 and ITGAV:ITGB3, and collaborates with the CD40 receptor in the activation of CD40-CD40LG signaling, exerting cell-type-dependent effects such as B-cell activation, NF-kappa-B signaling, and anti-apoptotic signaling.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

Page 2 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com