

Product Data Sheet

CSK Protein, Mouse (sf9, His-GST)

Cat. No.:	HY-P72957
Synonyms:	Tyrosine-protein kinase CSK; C-Src kinase; CSK
Species:	Mouse
Source:	Sf9 insect cells
Accession:	P41241 (M1-L450)
Gene ID:	12988
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 65 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	MSAIQAAWPS	GTECIAKYNF	HGTAEQDLPF	CKGDVLTIVA			
	VTKDPNWYKA	KNKVGREGII	PANYVQKREG	VKAGTKLSLM			
	PWFHGKITRE	QAERLLYPPE	TGLFLVREST	NYPGDYTLCV			
	SCEGKVEHYR	IMYHASKLSI	DEEVYFENLM	QLVEHYTTDA			
	DGLCTRLIKP	КVМЕСТVААQ	DEFYRSGWAL	NMKELKLLQT			
	IGKGEFGDVM	LGDYRGNKVA	V Κ C Ι Κ N D A T A	QAFLAEASVM			
	TQLRHSNLVQ	LLGVIVEEKG	GLYIVTEYMA	KGSLVDYLRS			
	RGRSVLGGDC	LLKFSLDVCE	AMEYLEGNNF	VHRDLAARNV			
	LVSEDNVAKV	SDFGLTKEAS	STQDTGKLPV	KWTAPEALRE			
	KKFSTKSDVW	SFGILLWEIY	SFGRVPYPRI	PLKDVVPRVE			
	KGYKMDAPDG	СРРАVҮЕVМК	NCWHLDAATR	PTFLQLREQL			
	EHIKTHELHL						
Dielegical Activity	The endure estivity of thi	o rocombinant protoin is too	ting in progress we connet .	ffor a guarantee yet			
Biological Activity	The enzyme activity of this recombinant protein is testing in progress, we cannot offer a guarantee yet.						
Appoaranco	Solution						
Appearance	Solution.						
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris 500 mM NaCl pH 8.0, 10% glycerol						
ronnutation	Supplied as a 0.2 μ m mered solution of 20 mm mis, 500 mm Macl, pri 6.0, 10% given of						
Endotoxin Level	<1 FIL/ug determined by LAL method						
	· Lo/μβ, determined by LAE method.						
Reconsititution	N/A						
Storage & Stability	Stored at -80°C for 1 year.	It is stable at -20°C for 3 mor	nths after opening. It is reco	nmended to freeze aliquots at -	80°C for		
, <u>,</u>	extended storage. Avoid r	epeated freeze-thaw cycles.	Green and a second s				
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Shipping	Shipping with dry ice.						

DESCRIPTION

Background

CSK Protein, a non-receptor tyrosine-protein kinase, holds a pivotal role in the intricate regulation of cell growth, differentiation, migration, and immune response. It accomplishes this by phosphorylating tyrosine residues located in the C-terminal tails of Src-family kinases (SFKs) such as LCK, SRC, HCK, FYN, LYN, CSK, or YES1. This phosphorylation event induces intramolecular interactions between the phosphotyrosine tail and the SH2 domain of SFKs, resulting in an inactive conformation. To inhibit SFKs, CSK is recruited to the plasma membrane through binding to transmembrane proteins or adapter proteins in close proximity. CSK plays a crucial role in suppressing signaling by various surface receptors, including the T-cell receptor (TCR) and B-cell receptor (BCR), by phosphorylating and maintaining several positive effectors such as FYN or LCK in an inactive state, thereby modulating key cellular responses.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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