

Product Data Sheet

VEGF-CC Protein, Human (116a.a, HEK293, His)

Cat. No.:	HY-P7313A
Synonyms:	rHuVEGF-C; Vascular endothelial growth factor C; Flt4-L; VRP
Species:	Human
Source:	HEK293
Accession:	P49767 (A112-R227)
Gene ID:	7424
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 19.42 kDa

PROPERTIES	
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AA Sequence	AHYNTEILKS IDNEWRKTQC MPREVCIDVG KEFGVATNTF FKPPCVSVYR CGGCCNSEGL QCMNTSTSYL SKTLFEITVP LSQGPKPVTI SFANHTSCRC MSKLDVYRQV HSIIRR
Biological Activity	Measured in a cell proliferation assay using HUVEC human umbilical vein endothelial cells. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is 5.559 ng /mL, corresponding to a specific activity is 1.80×10 ⁵ U/mg.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH ₂ O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background The VEGF-CC Protein is a growth factor with significant activity in angiogenesis and endothelial cell growth, effectively stimulating their proliferation and migration while also influencing the permeability of blood vessels. This multifaceted protein is implicated in angiogenesis within both the venous and lymphatic vascular systems during embryogenesis and contributes to the maintenance of differentiated lymphatic endothelium in adults. VEGF-CC achieves these functions by binding and activating receptors KDR/VEGFR2 and FLT4/VEGFR3. Structurally, VEGF-CC exists as a homodimer, displaying a non-covalent and antiparallel arrangement. The protein's interaction with FLT4/VEGFR3 is crucial, as it is required for

FLT4/VEGFR3 homodimerization and subsequent activation. These features collectively underscore the diverse roles of VEGF-CC in regulating vascular processes and highlight its significance in both developmental and adult angiogenesis.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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