

Product Data Sheet

MERS-CoV Spike/S1 Protein (725a.a, sf9, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P73291

Synonyms: SARS-CoV-2; Spike S1 Subunit

Species:

Sf9 insect cells Source:

Accession: AFS88936.1 (M1-E725)

Gene ID: 14254594

Molecular Weight: Approximately 94 kDa

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Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris, 500 mM NaCl, 10% Glycerol, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH $_2$ O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

The MERS-CoV Spike glycoprotein (S) has three subunits S1, S2' and S2 through alternative splicing. S1 can attaches the virion to the cell membrane by interacting with host receptor, initiating the infection. S2' acts as a viral fusion peptide which is unmasked following S2 cleavage occurring upon virus endocytosis. S2 mediates fusion of the virion and cellular membranes by acting as a class I viral fusion protein.

Under the current model, S protein has at least three conformational states: pre-fusion native state, pre-hairpin intermediate state, and post-fusion hairpin state. During viral and target cell membrane fusion, the coiled coil regions (heptad repeats) assume a trimer-of-hairpins structure, positioning the fusion peptide in close proximity to the C-terminal region of the ectodomain. The formation of this structure appears to drive apposition and subsequent fusion of viral and target cell membranes.

The engagement of the MERS-CoV spike protein S1 with CD26 (also known as dipeptidyl peptidase 4, DPP4) mediates viral attachment to host cells and virus-cell fusion, thereby initiating infection^[1].

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 $\label{lem:caution:Product} \textbf{Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.}$

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