

Tubulin cofactor A Protein, Human

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| Cat. No.: | HY-P73565 |
| Synonyms: | Tubulin-specific chaperone A; CFA; TBCA |
| Species: | Human |
| Source: | E. coli |
| Accession: | O75347 (M1-A108) |
| Gene ID: | 6902 |
| Molecular Weight: | Approximately 16 kDa |

PROPERTIES

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| Appearance | Solution. |
| Formulation | Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.5. |
| Endotoxin Level | <1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method. |
| Reconstitution | N/A. |
| Storage & Stability | Stored at -80°C for 1 year. It is stable at -20°C for 3 months after opening. It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -80°C for extended storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Shipping | Shipping with dry ice. |

DESCRIPTION

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| Background | Tubulin cofactor A Protein takes on a crucial role as a tubulin-folding protein, actively participating in the initial stage of the tubulin folding pathway. It is part of a supercomplex composed of cofactors A to E. Cofactors A and D play a pivotal role by capturing and stabilizing tubulin in a quasi-native conformation. The interaction of cofactor E with the cofactor D-tubulin complex facilitates the subsequent binding to cofactor C, leading to the release of tubulin polypeptides committed to adopting the native state. In orchestrating these intricate steps, Tubulin cofactor A Protein emerges as a key player in the early phases of tubulin folding, contributing to the formation of a functional and stable tubulin structure. |
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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