**Proteins** 





## **Product** Data Sheet

## SIRT1 Protein, Human (555a.a, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P73638

Synonyms: 75SirT1; hSIR2; hSIRT1; HST2; SIR2; SIR2 like 1; SIR2ALPHA; SIR2L1; Sirt1

Species: E. coli Source:

Accession: Q96EB6 (M193-S747)

Gene ID: 23411

**Molecular Weight:** Approximately 62.8 kDa

PROPERTIES	
Biological Activity	The enzyme activity of this recombinant protein is testing in progress, we cannot offer a guarantee yet.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4, 10% Glycerol. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/μg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH <sub>2</sub> O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

## **DESCRIPTION**

Background

Shipping

SIRT1, a NAD-dependent protein deacetylase, orchestrates the integration of various cellular functions, including cell cycle progression, response to DNA damage, metabolism, apoptosis, and autophagy, by modulating the acetylation status of numerous target proteins. Functioning as a sensor of the NAD(+)/NADH ratio, SIRT1 responds to changes in cellular energetics induced by factors such as glucose deprivation and caloric restriction. Its wide-ranging impact encompasses chromatin remodeling through histone deacetylation, ultimately leading to transcriptional regulation. SIRT1 engages in diverse interactions, deacetylating transcription factors, coregulators, and histones, thereby exerting both positive and negative regulation on target gene expression. Additionally, SIRT1 is implicated in critical processes such as DNA damage response, autophagy, circadian rhythm regulation, and metabolic homeostasis. Its multifaceted roles extend to the regulation of various cellular pathways and the maintenance of genomic integrity, highlighting its significance in cellular physiology and stress response.

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Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

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