

# Product Data Sheet

## Lactoferrin/LTF Protein, Human (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.:	HY-P74790
Synonyms:	Lactotransferrin; Lactoferrin; Kaliocin-1; Lactoferroxin-A; LTF
Species:	Human
Source:	HEK293
Accession:	P02788 (G20-K710)
Gene ID:	4057
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 77.38 kDa

### PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	GRRRSVQWCAVSQPEATKCFQWQRNMRKVRGPPVSCIKRDSPIQCIQAIAENRADAVTLDGGFIYEAGLAPYKLRPVAAEVYGTERQPRTHYYAVAVVKKGGSFQLNELQGLKSCHTGLRRTAGWNVPIGTLRPFLNWTGPPEPIEAAVARFFSASCVPGADKGQFPNLCRLCAGTGENKCAFSSQEPYFSYSGAFKCLRDGAGDVAFIRESTVFEDLSDEAERDEYELLCPDNTRKPVDKFKDCHLARVPSHAVVARSVNGKEDAIWNLLRQAQEKFGKDKSPKFQLFGSPSGQKDLLFKDSAIGFSRVPPRIDSGLYLGSGYFTAIQNLRKSEEEVAARRARVVWCAVGEQELRKCNQWSGLSEGSVTCSSASTTEDCIALVLKGEADAMSLDGGYVYTAGKCGLVPVLAENYKSQQSSDPDPNCVDRPVEGYLAVAV
	VRRSDTSLTW NSVKGKKSCH TAVDRTAGWN IPMGLLFNQT GSCKFDEYFS QSCAPGSDPR SNLCALCIGD EQGENKCVPN SNERYYGYTG AFRCLAENAG DVAFVKDVTV LQNTDGNNNE AWAKDLKLAD FALLCLDGKR KPVTEARSCH LAMAPNHAVV SRMDKVERLK QVLLHQQAKF GRNGSDCPDK FCLFQSETKN LLFNDNTECL ARLHGKTTYE KYLGPQYVAG ITNLKKCSTS PLLEACEFLR K
Biological Activity	Measured by its ability to increase regulate the expression of TNF- $\alpha$ in THP-1 cells. The ED <sub>50</sub> for this effect is 97.36 ng/mL, corresponding to a specific activity is 1.03×10 <sup>4</sup> U/mg.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH <sub>2</sub> O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).

Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

### DESCRIPTION

#### Background

Lactoferrin (LTF), a major iron-binding and multifunctional protein present in exocrine fluids such as breast milk and mucosal secretions, exhibits diverse biological activities. Renowned for its antimicrobial properties, LTF hinders microbial growth through sequestering free iron and releasing lipopolysaccharides from the bacterial outer membrane, thereby displaying both bacteriostatic and bactericidal effects. Moreover, it plays a role in preventing bacterial biofilm development in Pseudomonas aeruginosa infections and demonstrates weak antifungal activity against Candida albicans. Beyond its antimicrobial functions, LTF impacts bone metabolism by exerting anabolic, differentiating, and anti-apoptotic effects on osteoblasts, while also inhibiting osteoclastogenesis. It contributes to adenovirus infection by promoting the binding of species C adenoviruses to epithelial cells and inhibits papillomavirus infections. LTF stimulates the TLR4 signaling pathway, leading to NF-kappa-B activation and pro-inflammatory cytokine production, while concurrently interfering with lipopolysaccharide-stimulated TLR4 signaling. Additionally, it exhibits inhibitory effects on neutrophil granulocyte migration and promotes VEGFA-mediated endothelial cell migration and proliferation. LTF's versatility extends to its binding capabilities, encompassing interactions with heparin, chondroitin sulfate, pneumococcal surface protein A, lysozyme, and DNA.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA