

Screening Libraries

Proteins







GBP1 Protein, Human (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P75172

Guanylate-binding protein 1; GBP-1; HuGBP-1 Synonyms:

Species: Human HEK293 Source:

Accession: AAA35871.1 (M1-C589)

Gene ID: 2633

Molecular Weight: Approximately 65 kDa

			ES

Appearance	Solution.
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.22 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	N/A.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -80°C for 1 year. It is stable at -20°C for 3 months after opening. It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -80°C for extended storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping	Shipping with dry ice.

DESCRIPTION

Background

Guanylate-binding protein 1 (GBP1) belongs to the dynamin superfamily of large GTPases. GBP1 plays important roles in innate immunity against a diverse range of bacterial, viral and protozoan pathogens. It hydrolyzes GTP to GMP in two consecutive cleavage reactions: GTP is first hydrolyzed to GDP and then to GMP in a processive manner. Following infection, GBP1 is recruited to the pathogen-containing vacuoles or vacuole-escaped bacteria and promotes both autophagy and inflammasome assembly. GBP1 also acts as a positive regulator of inflammasome assembly by promoting the release of inflammasome ligands from bacteria. GBP1 confers protection to several pathogens, including the bacterial pathogens L.monocytogenes and M.bovis BCG as well as the protozoan pathogen T.gondii. In addition, it exhibits antiviral activity against influenza virus^{[1][2]}.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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