Proteins



Product Data Sheet

FDPS Protein, Mouse (His)

Cat. No.: HY-P75196

Synonyms: Farnesyl pyrophosphate synthase; FPP synthase; CR 39; Fdps

Species: Source: E. coli

Accession: Q920E5 (M1-K353)

Gene ID: 110196

Molecular Weight: Approximately 42.8 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	MNGNQKLDAY NQEKQNFIQH FSQIVKVLTE KELGHPEIGD AIARLKEVLE YNALGGKYNR GLTVVQAFQE LVEPKKQDAE SLQRALTVGW CVELLQAFFL VSDDIMDSSL TRRGQICWYQ KPGIGLDAIN DALLLEASIY RLLKFYCREQ PYYLNLLELF LQSSYQTEIG QTLDLMTAPQ GHVDLGRYTE KRYKSIVKYK TAFYSFYLPI AAAMYMAGID GEKEHANALK ILMEMGEFFQ VQDDYLDLFG DPSVTGKVGT DIQDNKCSWL VVQCLLRASP QQRQILEENY GQKDPEKVAR VKALYEALDL QSAFFKYEED SYNRLKSLIE QCSAPLPPSI FMELANKIYK RRK
Biological Activity	Measured in a cell proliferation assay using H4 human neuroglioma cells. The ED $_{50}$ for this effect is 2.560 ng/mL. Corresponding to a specific activity is $3.906 \times 10^{[5]}$ Unit/mg.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 50 mM Tris-HCL, 300 mM NaCl, pH 8.0.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/μg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μ g/mL in ddH ₂ O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

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Background

Farnesyl diphosphate synthase (FDPS) emerges as a pivotal enzyme in isoprenoid biosynthesis, driving the crucial formation of farnesyl diphosphate (FPP). FPP, a key precursor for various essential metabolites such as sterols, dolichols, carotenoids, and ubiquinones, also serves as a substrate for protein farnesylation and geranylgeranylation. The catalytic activity of FDPS involves the sequential condensation of isopentenyl pyrophosphate with the allylic pyrophosphates, first with dimethylallyl pyrophosphate and then with the resulting geranylpyrophosphate, ultimately yielding the essential product, farnesyl pyrophosphate. This intricate enzymatic process underscores FDPS's central role in the synthesis of fundamental cellular components and post-translational modifications critical for diverse cellular functions.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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