

## Apolipoprotein E/APOE3 Protein, Human (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.:	HY-P7531
Synonyms:	rHuApolipoprotein E, His; ApoE; Apolipoprotein E; APOE3
Species:	Human
Source:	HEK293
Accession:	P02649 (K19-H317)
Gene ID:	348
Molecular Weight:	36-39 kDa

### PROPERTIES

<b>AA Sequence</b>	<p>           K V E Q A V E T E P    E P E L R Q Q T E W    Q S G Q R W E L A L    G R F W D Y L R W V            Q T L S E Q V Q E E    L L S S Q V T Q E L    R A L M D E T M K E    L K A Y K S E L E E            Q L T P V A E E T R    A R L S K E L Q A A    Q A R L G A D M E D    V C G R L V Q Y R G            E V Q A M L G Q S T    E E L R V R L A S H    L R K L R K R L L R    D A D D L Q K R L A            V Y Q A G A R E G A    E R G L S A I R E R    L G P L V E Q G R V    R A A T V G S L A G            Q P L Q E R A Q A W    G E R L R A R M E E    M G S R T R D R L D    E V K E Q V A E V R            A K L E E Q A Q Q I    R L Q A E A F Q A R    L K S W F E P L V E    D M Q R Q W A G L V            E K V Q A A V G T S    A A P V P S D N H         </p>
<b>Biological Activity</b>	Measured in a cell proliferation assay using SH-SY5Y cells. The ED <sub>50</sub> for this effect is ≤15.14 ng/mL, corresponding to a specific activity is ≥6.61×10 <sup>4</sup> units/mg.
<b>Appearance</b>	Lyophilized powder
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 5% Trehalose, 5% Mannitol, 0.02% Tween80, pH 8.0 or 20 mM PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4.
<b>Endotoxin Level</b>	<1 EU/μg, determined by LAL method.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH <sub>2</sub> O.
<b>Storage &amp; Stability</b>	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
<b>Shipping</b>	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

### DESCRIPTION

<b>Background</b>	ApoE isoform specifically inhibits lipid-particle-mediated cholesterol release from neurons. Although apoE and a lipid
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particle are lipid acceptors, when apoE and a lipid particle form a complex, apoE on the particle surface inhibits the lipid particle-mediated cholesterol release from cells in an apoE-concentration-dependent manner<sup>[2]</sup>.

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## REFERENCES

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- [1]. Gong JS, et al. Apolipoprotein E (ApoE) isoform-dependent lipid release from astrocytes prepared from humanApoE3 and ApoE4 knock-in mice. J Biol Chem. 2002 Aug 16;277(33):29919-26.
- [2]. Gong JS, et al. Novel action of apolipoprotein E (ApoE): ApoE isoform specifically inhibits lipid-particle-mediated cholesterol release from neurons. Mol Neurodegener. 2007 May 15;2:9.
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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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