

# **Screening Libraries**

**Proteins** 

# **Product** Data Sheet

## CLEC1B/CLEC-2 Protein, Mouse (HEK293, Fc)

Cat. No.: HY-P75335

Synonyms: C-type lectin domain family 1 member B; CLEC1B; CLEC2

Species: **HEK293** Source:

Q9JL99-1 (M53-L229) Accession:

Gene ID: 56760

Molecular Weight: Approximately 50-65 kDa due to the glycosylation.

#### **PROPERTIES**

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AA	-	മവ	11	ΔI	n	$\sim$

MSVTQQKYLL AEKENLSATL QQLAKKFCQE LIRQSEIKTK STFEHKCSPC ATKWRYHGDS CYGFFRRNLT WEESKQYCTE QNATLVKTAS QSTLDYIAER ITSVRWIGLS RQNSKKDWMW EDSSVLRKNG INLSGNTEEN MNCAYLHNGK IHPASCKERH

YLICERNAGM TRVDQLL

### **Biological Activity**

Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. When Recombinant Mouse Podoplanin is coated at 1.0 μg/mL (100 μ L/well), Recombinant Mouse CLEC-2 binds with ED $_{50}$  of 0.2387  $\mu g/mL$ .

#### **Appearance**

Lyophilized powder

#### Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

#### **Endotoxin Level**

<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

#### Reconsititution

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 µg/mL in ddH<sub>2</sub>O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).

#### Storage & Stability

Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

## **Shipping**

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

## **DESCRIPTION**

#### Background

CLEC1B/CLEC-2 Protein is a C-type lectin-like receptor that serves as a platelet receptor for PDPN, a marker of lymphatic endothelial cells. Upon ligand activation, CLEC1B/CLEC-2 signals through the sequential activation of SRC and SYK tyrosine kinases, ultimately leading to the activation of PLCG2. It forms homodimers and interacts with RACK1 through its cytoplasmic domain, promoting CLEC1B ubiquitination and subsequent degradation via the proteasome pathway.

Additionally, CLEC1B/CLEC-2 interacts with SYK in a dimeric form, facilitated by the SH2 domains of SYK. Furthermore, it interacts with PDPN, and this interaction is independent of CLEC1B glycosylation, resulting in the activation of CLEC1B/CLEC-2.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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