

# **Screening Libraries**

**Proteins** 

# **Product** Data Sheet

# CXCL16 Protein, Canine (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P75697

Synonyms: C-X-C motif chemokine 16; SR-PSOX; Srpsox; SCYB16; CXCL16

Species: **HEK293** Source:

XP\_849304.2 (N22-S205) Accession:

Gene ID: 607514

Molecular Weight: Approximately 30-55 kDa due to the glycosylation

# **PROPERTIES**

AA Seq	uence
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NEGSVTGSCY CDKAISSGSP PTAELMAHLR KHLRVYQRCN SYVRFQLRMR SVCGGSKDPW VQQLMSCLDR KECGSADSRS VAPQEQLPPL STQVPEPTER APLDMGSPAQ TYLPPAWRST YLPTALQSTR QPVFPAGTLS LEKKLTHTSE IATSTVGHSL

RTGSEAGESO KOOIKRVEPT AGTS

## **Biological Activity**

Determined by its ability to chemoattract activated Jurkat cells. The ED $_{50}$  for this effect is 0.9798 ng/mL, corresponding to a specific activity is 1.021×10<sup>6</sup> U/mg.

### **Appearance**

Lyophilized powder.

### Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.

### **Endotoxin Level**

<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

## Reconsititution

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100  $\mu g/mL$  in ddH<sub>2</sub>O.

## Storage & Stability

Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

### **Shipping**

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

### **DESCRIPTION**

### Background

CXCL16 is a membrane-bound chemokine. CXCL16 is expressed in soluble or transmembrane forms and can be observed in many cell types, including inflammatory cells (such as macrophages, neutrophils, dendritic cells and monocytes) and noninflammatory cells (such as lung epithelial cells and renal cells). CXCL16 plays important roles both in the natural immune barrier and in the occurrence and development of autoimmune diseases<sup>[1][2]</sup>.

The amino acid sequence of human CXCL16 protein has low homology between mouse, rat and dog CXCL16 protein. CXCL16 is primarily expressed on the surface of antigen-presenting cells (APCs) and consists of a chemokine domain (\overline{\text{\text{8}}}9 amino acids), a mucin-type stalk (\overline{\text{\text{\text{0}}}10 amino acids), a single-pass transmembrane domain (\overline{\text{\te

CXCL16 is not only a chemokine, but is also a multifunctional protein. CXCL16 and CXCR6 are related to various inflammatory diseases, such as glomerulonephritis, pulmonary diseases, atherosclerosis, coronary artery disease, rheumatoid arthritis and many inflammation-related cancers. The chemokine domain of CXCL16 exerts potent antimicrobial activities against E. coli and S. aureus. CXCL16 acts as a mediator of innate immunity by attracting CXCR6-expressing cells, such as activated T cells and NKT cells. CXCL16 is also a novel mediator of the innate immune reactivities of keratinocytes in the human epidermis<sup>[1][2][3]</sup>.

### **REFERENCES**

- [1]. Tohyama M, et al. CXCL16 is a novel mediator of the innate immunity of epidermal keratinocytes. Int Immunol. 2007 Sep;19(9):1095-102.
- [2]. Jianhui Sun, et al. A Functional Variant of CXCL16 Is Associated With Predisposition to Sepsis and MODS in Trauma Patients: Genetic Association Studies. Front Genet. 2021 Sep 3;12:720313.
- [3]. Allaoui R, et al. Cancer-associated fibroblast-secreted CXCL16 attracts monocytes to promote stroma activation in triple-negative breast cancers. Nat Commun. 2016 Oct 11:7:13050.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

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