

## Product Data Sheet

## ICOS Protein, Rhesus Macaque (Biotinylated, HEK293, Fc-Avi)

Cat. No.:	HY-P75819
Synonyms:	Inducible T-cell costimulator; CD278; AILIM; CVID1; ICOS
Species:	Rhesus Macaque
Source:	HEK293
Accession:	H9Z062 (M1-K140)
Gene ID:	705788
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 42.2 kDa

PROPERTIES	
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Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH_2O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION	
Background	The ICOS protein plays a crucial role in enhancing all fundamental T-cell responses to foreign antigens, including prom cell proliferation, secretion of lymphokines, up-regulation of molecules involved in cell-cell interaction, and facilitating effective help for antibody secretion by B-cells. It is indispensable for facilitating efficient communication between T ar cells, as well as for normal antibody responses to T-cell dependent antigens. Although it does not increase the product interleukin-2, it has the ability to superinduce the synthesis of interleukin-10. Additionally, ICOS prevents the apoptosis pre-activated T-cells and plays a critical role in CD40-mediated class switching of immunoglobulin isotypes. It exists as homodimer connected by disulfide bonds.

## Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA