

Product Data Sheet

IFN-alpha 2/IFNA2 Protein, Rhesus Macaque (HEK293, Fc)

Cat. No.:	HY-P75891
Synonyms:	Interferon alpha-2; IFN-alpha-2; Interferon alpha-A; LeIF A; IFNA2A
Species:	Rhesus Macaque
Source:	HEK293
Accession:	B6CK11 (M1-E188)
Gene ID:	709948
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 45.9 kDa

PROPERTIES	
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are
	added as protectants before lyophilization.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ in ddH_2O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is
	recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION	
Background	IFN-alpha 2 (IFNA2; IFN-α2), belongs to the type I interferon family, produced by the plasmacytoid dendritic cells (pDCs) exposure to HIV-1BaL in order to inhibit viral infection ^[1] . Interferon (IFN) is originally identified as a substance 'interfering' with viral replication in vitro. IFN-α/β and related molecules are classified as type I IFNs, as for the other two types of type II IFN (IFN-γ) and type III IFNs (IFN-λ), respectively ^[2] . IFN-alpha 2 subtype is the only one that is currently licensed to treat infections caused by hepatitis B virus (HBV) and HCV ^[3] . IFN-alpha 2 shows a Sortilin-dependent trafficking in cells and increases the expression level of interferon-stimulated genes (ISGs) in HIV-infected cells ^{[1][4]} . It also exhibits cytotoxic activity against CD8 ⁺ T cells and enhances CD4 ⁺ T cell depletion ^[3] . Among the IFN-alpha 2 alleles, IFN-alpha 2b is being the predominant allele while IFNα-2a is less predominant and IFNα-2c only a minor allelic variant ^[5] . IFN-alpha 2 has a bored application in research of cancer, including some hematological malignancies and solid tumors ^[6] .

REFERENCES

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[2]. Zhang SY, et al. Inborn errors of interferon (IFN)-mediated immunity in humans: insights into the respective roles of IFN-alpha/beta, IFN-gamma, and IFN-lambda in host defense. Immunol Rev. 2008 Dec;226:29-40.

[3]. Sutter K, et al. Interferon α subtypes in HIV infection. Cytokine Growth Factor Rev. 2018 Apr;40:13-18.

[4]. Watanabe H, et al. Detailed structure of mouse interferon α2 and its interaction with Sortilin. J Biochem. 2021 Oct 11;170(2):265-273.

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[6]. Paul F, et al. IFNA2: The prototypic human alpha interferon. Gene. 2015 Aug 10;567(2):132-7.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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