

Product Data Sheet

TCN2/Transcobalamin-2 Protein, Mouse (HEK293, C-His)

Cat. No.:	HY-P76102A
Synonyms:	Transcobalamin-2; TC-2; TCII; Tcn2
Species:	Mouse
Source:	HEK293
Accession:	O88968 (E19-W430)
Gene ID:	21452
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 42.4 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	EFCVIPRIDS	QLVEKLGQRL	LPWMDRLSSE	QLNPSVFVGL	
	R L S S M Q A G T K	EDLYLHSLKI	HYQQCLLRST	S S D D N S S C Q P	
	K L S G G S L A L Y	LLALRANCEF	FGSRKGDRLI	SQLKWFLEDE	
	ККАІGНNНЕG	ΗΡΝΤΝΥΥQΥG	LSILALCVHQ	KRLHDSVVGK	
	LLYAVEHDYF	T Y Q G H V S V D T	EAMAGLALTC	LERFNFNSDL	
	RPRITMAIET	VREKILKSQA	PEGYFGNIYS	TPLALQMLMT	
	SPASGVGLGT	ACIKAGTSLL	LSLQDGAFQN	PLMISQLLPI	
	LNHKTYLDLI	F P D C Q A S R V M	LVPAVEDPVH	ISEVISVTLK	
	VASALSPYEQ	TFFVFAGSSL	EDVLKLAQDG	G G F T Y G T Q A S	
	LSGPYLTSVL	GKDAGDREYW	QLLRAPDTPL	LQGIADYKPQ	
	DGETIELRLV	RW			
Dielegiaal Activity	Measured by its binding a	hility in a functional FLICA	mmobilized CD220 at 25 ng	m (100 yr (yrall) can bind Diation lated	
Biological Activity	, ,	fect is 11.18 ng/mL, correspo	0.	mL (100 μL/well) can bind Biotinylated	
	TCN2. THE LD50 IOI this er	rect is 11.16 lig/life, correspo	onding to a specific activity i	5 8.94×10°4 Onlying.	
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.				
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 um	n filtered solution of 20 mM F	Ac-NaAc, 150 mM NaCl, pH	4.0 or 20 mM PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4.	
	7 · F				
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.				
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to	reconstitute to a concentration	tion less than 100 μg/mL in c	ldH ₂ O. For long term storage it is	
		arrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5%			
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years	s. After reconstitution, it is st	able at 4°C for 1 week or -20	°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is	
	recommended to freeze a	liquots at -20°C or -80°C for	extended storage.		
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.				

Inhibitors

Screening Libraries

•

Proteins

DESCRIPTION	
Background	The TCN2/Transcobalamin-2 protein takes on the pivotal role of being the primary vitamin B12-binding and transport protein, facilitating the delivery of cobalamin to cells. Through its intricate interactions, TCN2 engages with CD320, specifically binding to LDL-receptor class A domains. This molecular partnership suggests a coordinated mechanism for the targeted delivery of vitamin B12 to cells, emphasizing the protein's crucial role in the efficient transport and uptake of this essential nutrient.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA