

## AITRL/TNFSF18 Protein, Human (HEK293, Fc)

Cat. No.:	HY-P76110
Synonyms:	Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 18; AITRL; hGITRL; TNFSF18; TL6
Species:	Human
Source:	HEK293
Accession:	Q9UNG2/NP_005083.3 (Q50-S177)
Gene ID:	8995
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 40.9 kDa

### PROPERTIES

Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconstitution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 µg/mL in ddH <sub>2</sub> O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

### DESCRIPTION

Background	<p>GITRL (AITRL), a type II transmembrane protein, is a ligand for glucocorticoid-induced TNFR-related protein (GITR). GITR, a member of the TNFR superfamily, is expressed in T cells, natural killer cells and some myeloid cells. And GITRL is mainly expressed on antigen presenting cells (B cells, dendritic cells), macrophages and endothelial cells (ECs)<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>When GITRL binds to GITR, GITR can produce costimulatory signals that regulate T-cell proliferation and effector functions. The interaction stimulates proliferation and cytokine production of both CD4<sup>+</sup> Teff and Treg cells, and drives antitumor activity of CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells<sup>[3]</sup>. Besides, GITRL plays a role in EC-activation and promotes adhesion in both mice and humans, which increases STAT-1 phosphorylation and the augmented expression of adhesion molecules such as VCAM-1 and ICAM-1<sup>[2]</sup>.</p> <p>Human GITRL shares &lt; 55% common aa identity with mouse. Human GITRL consists of cytoplasmic domain (M1-W27), helical domain (L28-F48), and extracellular domain (L49-S177). Human GITRL is a trimer, but can also be a monomer or assemble in other multimeric structures<sup>[4]</sup>.</p> <p>GITR/GITRL interaction plays a role in the pathogenesis of tumor, inflammation, as well as autoimmune diseases<sup>[1]</sup>.</p>
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### REFERENCES

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- [1]. Tian J, et al. The Role of GITR/GITRL Interaction in Autoimmune Diseases. *Front Immunol.* 2020 Oct 9;11:588682.
- [2]. Lecal PM, et al. Glucocorticoid-induced tumor necrosis factor receptor family-related ligand triggering upregulates vascular cell adhesion molecule-1 and intercellular adhesion molecule-1 and promotes leukocyte adhesion. *J Pharmacol Exp Ther.* 2013 Oct;347(1):164-72.
- [3]. Wang F, et al. Structures of mouse and human GITR-GITRL complexes reveal unique TNF superfamily interactions. *Nat Commun.* 2021 Mar 2;12(1):1378.
- [4]. Placke T, et al. Glucocorticoid-induced TNFR-related (GITR) protein and its ligand in antitumor immunity: functional role and therapeutic modulation. *Clin Dev Immunol.* 2010;2010:239083.
- [5]. Tian J, et al. Increased GITRL Impairs the Function of Myeloid-Derived Suppressor Cells and Exacerbates Primary Sjögren Syndrome. *J Immunol.* 2019 Mar 15;202(6):1693-1703.
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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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