Proteins





Product Data Sheet

SPINK2 Protein, Human (HEK293, Fc)

Cat. No.: HY-P76653

Synonyms: Serine protease inhibitor Kazal-type 2; Acrosin-trypsin inhibitor; HUSI-II

Species: Human HEK293 Source:

P20155/NP_066937.1 (Q24-C84) Accession:

Gene ID: 6691

Molecular Weight: Approximately 33.6-38 kDa

PROPERTIES

	_		
$\Lambda \Lambda$	Sea	HAN	00

QFGLFSKYRT PNCSQYRLPG CPRHFNPVCG SDMSTYANEC

TLCMKIREGG HNIKIIRNGP С

Biological Activity Data is not available.

Lyophilized powder **Appearance**

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Endotoxin Level <1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than $100~\mu g/mL$ in ddH_2O . For long term storage it is

recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).

Storage & Stability Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is

recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

SPINK2, a potent inhibitor of acrosin, plays a crucial role in ensuring normal spermiogenesis. Its primary function is likely to impede the premature activation of proacrosin and other proteases, thereby preventing the initiation of events that could lead to spermiogenesis defects. SPINK2 may additionally participate in the regulation of germ cell apoptosis mediated by serine proteases. Beyond its role in acrosin inhibition, SPINK2 exhibits inhibitory activity against trypsin, suggesting its involvement in regulating various serine protease-dependent processes.

Page 1 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com $\label{lem:caution:Product} \textbf{Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.}$

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

Page 2 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com