

Screening Libraries

Proteins

Product Data Sheet

EDAR Protein, Cynomolgus (HEK293, Fc)

Cat. No.: HY-P76895

Synonyms: Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member EDAR; EDA-A1 receptor; EDAR

Species: Cynomolgus HEK293 Source:

Accession: A0A2K5VY41 (M1-A187)

Gene ID: 102120238 Molecular Weight: 60-64 kDa

PROPERTIES

Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH ₂ O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

EDAR serves as a receptor specifically for EDA isoform A1, distinguishing it from EDA isoform A2. Upon binding, EDAR facilitates the activation of NF-kappa-B and JNK signaling pathways, potentially leading to various cellular responses. Additionally, EDAR may play a role in promoting caspase-independent cell death. The receptor forms a complex with EDARADD, and it is associated with key signaling molecules such as TRAF1, TRAF2, TRAF3, and NIK, indicating its involvement in intricate signaling cascades.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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