

# Product Data Sheet

## GPNMB/Osteoactivin Protein, Mouse (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.:	HY-P77116			
Synonyms:	Transmembrane Glycoprotein NMB; GPNMB; HGFIN; NMB			
Species:	Mouse			
Source:	HEK293			
Accession:	Q99P91 (K23-N502)			
Gene ID:	93695			
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 96 kDa			

## PROPERTIES

AA Sequence							
	KRFRDVLGHE	QYPDHMREHN	QLRGWSSDEN	EWDEHLYPVW			
	RRGDGRWKDS	WEGGRVQAVL	T S D S P A L V G S	NITFVVNLVF			
	P R C Q K E D A N G	NIVYEKNCRN	DLGLTSDLHV	Y N W T A G A D D G			
	DWEDGTSRSQ	HLRFPDRRPF	P R P H G W K K W S	FVYVFHTLGQ			
	YFQKLGRCSA	RVSINTVNLT	AGPQVMEVTV	FRRYGRAYIP			
	ISKVKDVYVI	TDQIPVFVTM	SQKNDRNLSD	EIFLRDLPIV			
	FDVLIHDPSH	FLNDSAISYK	WNFGDNTGLF	VSNNHTLNHT			
	YVLNGTFNLN	LTVQTAVPGP	СРРРЅРЅТРР	РРЅТРРЅРРР			
	SPLPTLSTPS	PSLMPTGYKS	MELSDISNEN	CRINRYGYFR			
	ATITIVEGIL	EVSIMQIADV	РМРТРОРАМЅ	LMDFTVTCKG			
	АТРМЕАСТІІ	SDPTCQIAQN	RVCSPVAVDG	LCLLSVRRAF			
	NGSGTYCVNF	TLGDDASLAL	TSTLISIPGK	DPDSPLRAVN			
Biological Activity	Measured by the ability of the immobilized protein to support the adhesion of SVEC4-10 mouse vascular endothelial cells. When 5× 10 <sup>4</sup> cells/well are added to GPNMB-coated plates (0.25 μg/mL and 100 μL/well), approximately >22.59% will adhere after 30 minutes at 37°C.						
Appearance	Lyophilized powder						
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu m$ filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4 or 20 mM PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4.						
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.						
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ in ddH2O.						
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.						
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.						

## DESCRIPTION

#### Background

The GPNMB/Osteoactivin protein emerges as a promising candidate for a melanogenic enzyme, suggesting its potential involvement in the synthesis of melanin. Recent research underscores the regulatory influence of GPNMB/Osteoactivin on melanogenesis, highlighting its pivotal role in the intricate process of pigment formation. The protein's capacity to modulate melanin production emphasizes its significance in unraveling the complexities of skin biology and pigmentation pathways. Investigating the molecular mechanisms governing GPNMB/Osteoactivin's role in melanogenesis holds promise for uncovering new insights into the control of skin pigmentation, offering potential avenues for innovative approaches to address disorders associated with pigmentation.

#### Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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