

RBP4 Protein, Cynomolgus (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.:	HY-P77171
Synonyms:	Retinol-Binding Protein 4; Plasma Retinol-Binding Protein; PRBP; RBP; RBP4
Species:	Cynomolgus
Source:	HEK293
Accession:	A0A2K5W172 (E19-L201)
Gene ID:	102136826
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 23 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	<pre> ERDCRVSSFR VKENFDKARF SGTWYAMAKK DPEGLFLQDN IVA EFSVDET GQMSATAKGR VRL LNNDVC ADMVGTFTDT EDPAKF KMKY WGVASF LQKG NDDHWI IDTD YDTYAVQYSC RLLNLDG TCA DSYSFVFSRD PNGLPPEAQR IVRQRQEELC LARQYRLIVH NGYCDGRSER NLL </pre>
Biological Activity	Measured by its ability to bind all-trans retinoic acid. The binding of retinoic acid results in the quenching of Trp fluorescence in RBP4. The 50% binding concentration (ED ₅₀) is 0.795 μM, as measured under the described conditions.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/μg, determined by LAL method.
Reconstitution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH ₂ O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background	RBP4 Protein is a retinol-binding protein that plays a crucial role in transporting retinol in the blood plasma. It acts as a mediator, facilitating the transfer of retinol from the liver stores to peripheral tissues. Additionally, RBP4 interacts with TTR, further contributing to its function in retinol transport.
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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